

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the City School District of White Plains, New York:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City School District of White Plains, New York (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City School District of White Plains, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Nawrocki Smith

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Changes in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, in fiscal 2022 the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The effect of GASB Statement No. 87 did not require a restatement to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Nawrocki Smith

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, on pages 4-15 and 57-60, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the New York State Education Department and by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hauppauge, New York October 3, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

The following is a discussion and analysis of the City School District of White Plains, New York (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's Fund Balance Policy recognizes that the maintenance of fund balance is essential to the preservation of the financial integrity of the school district and is fiscally advantageous for both the District and the taxpayer in that it helps mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures) and assists in ensuring stable tax rates. The policy establishes goals and provides guidance concerning the desired level of year-end fund balance to be maintained by the District.
 - As a result, the District seeks to maintain the amount of Unassigned Fund Balance allowable by New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318, which restricts unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to no more than 4.00% of the District's Adopted Budget for the ensuing fiscal year. For the year-ended June 30, 2022, the balance maintained is \$9,793,870.
- As of June 30, 2022, the District's fund level financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$155,276,258, which is an increase from the prior year of \$15,765,416, primarily due to the increase in real property taxes, state sources and federal sources.
- On the District-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$78,885,515. The District's total net position increased by \$19,699,827 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The unrestricted portion of net position as of June 30, 2022 was a deficit of \$322,390,303, as a result of the effect of the recognition of the District's total other postemployment benefits liability under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.
- In the General Fund, revenues were 4.75% above the final budget and expenditures including outstanding encumbrances were 3.05% below the final budget, thus contributing to the District's fund balance.
- The District's residents authorized the proposed 2021-22 budget by 87.7% of the voters in the amount of \$229,627,400, with a 1.23% Tax Levy increase instead of a 3.88% increase in accordance with the New York State Tax Levy Limit, and presented a fiscally sound spending plan that reflects a decrease of \$3.62 million or 1.55% from the prior year's adopted budget, while still preserving and protecting all existing programs and services for students.
- During the fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, which provides clearer guidance on identifying lease activities for accounting and reporting purposes.
- The District engages each year in updating its Long-Range Strategic Plan, which encompasses all aspects of the District, as well as frequent General Fund Balance Projections in order to provide insight to the Board of Education to make critical long-term decision to ensure fiscal stability. It is used to protect, preserve, and enhance the integrity of the instructional program for students, continuously develop higher performing staff, and maintain the stability of the District's assets and infrastructure. As such, this process enables the District to identify savings each year in order to fund one-time only expenses. For 2021-22, the District was able to support the repayment of debt, purchase of replacement technology for the classrooms, and fund various facility repairs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: required supplementary information, which includes management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two financial statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining financial statements are *governmental fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the District-wide financial statements. The *governmental fund financial statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the financial statements.

Table A-1: Major Featur	Table A-1: Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
	District-Wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds								
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary, such as instruction, special education and building maintenance								
Required financial statements	Statement of Net PositionStatement of Activities	Balance SheetStatement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance								
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus								
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included								
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable								

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial status is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and general support expenses. Property taxes, other tax items and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District utilizes the following funds:

• Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, reconciliations of the District-wide and fund financial statements are provided which explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds; General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Capital Projects and Special Aid Funds which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation and individual fund data is provided elsewhere in this report. A detailed description of each fund can be found on page 24.

The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund which is then voter approved. For the Special Aid Fund, the District uses grant award amounts and other estimates to establish a budget primarily used for expense control. The Special Aid Fund budget is only a guide as not all the grants follow the same fiscal year and certain expenses for special education students are required to be reported in this fund (s4201 and s4408 schools). A budgetary comparison schedule is provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's net position (deficit) increased by 20% from the year before to a deficit position of \$78,885,515 as detailed in Tables A-2 and A-3.

The restricted net position balance of \$134,295,068 represents assets that are restricted by external sources, imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

As of June 30, 2022, the District has a deficit unrestricted net position of \$322,390,303.

	06/30/22	06/30/21	\$ Change	% Change
Current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net	\$ 37,255,563 239,048,702 158,928,940	\$ 38,158,608 119,697,197 161,863,328	\$ (903,045) 119,351,505 (2,934,388)	(2.4) 99.7 (1.8)
Total assets	\$ 435,233,205	\$ 319,719,133	\$ 115,514,072	36.1
Deferred outflows	\$ 110,225,689	\$ 124,565,704	\$ (14,340,015)	(11.5)
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 26,973,319 372,424,575	\$ 26,779,512 493,846,826	\$ 193,807 (121,422,251)	0.7 (24.6)
Total liabilities	\$ 399,397,894	\$ 520,626,338	\$ (121,228,444)	(23.3)
Deferred inflows	\$ 224,746,714	\$ 22,243,841	\$ 202,502,873	910.4
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 109,209,720 134,295,068 (322,390,303)	\$ 105,596,765 118,114,408 (322,296,515)	\$ 3,612,955 16,180,660 (93,788)	3.4 13.7 (0.0)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (78,885,515)	\$ (98,585,342)	\$ 19,699,827	20.0

As of June 30, 2022, the District had working capital of \$10,282,244 as compared to \$11,379,096 as of June 30, 2021. A strong working capital ratio, as noted here, typically eliminates the need to borrow for short-term cash needs, i.e. as with a Tax Anticipation Note ("TAN") or Revenue Anticipation Note ("RAN").

As of June 30, 2022, the District had an investment in capital assets of \$158,928,940 as compared to \$161,863,328 as of June 30, 2021. The decrease is due to current year depreciation charges exceeding capital outlay for ongoing capital projects.

Noncurrent long-term liabilities decreased \$121,222,450 primarily due to the changes in the total OPEB liability and the increase of the proportionate share of the net pension assets.

Changes in Net Position

The District's fiscal year 2022 revenues totaled \$255,101,817, which is 4.4% greater than fiscal year 2021 (See Table A-3). Property taxes, other real property tax items (STAR and PILOTS) and State sources accounted for 91.0% of total revenues (See Table A-4). The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants, capital grants, non-property tax items, federal sources, sale of property and compensation for loss, other miscellaneous sources and use of money and property.

The District's fiscal year 2022 expenses totaled \$235,401,990 and reflect a 3.5% decrease over the prior year's expenses (See Table A-3). These expenses (93.7 percent) are predominantly related to instruction and general support (See Table A-6).

	06/30/22	06/30/21	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,010,361	\$ 2,676,348	\$ 334,013	12.5
Operating grants	13,304,979	8,201,020	5,103,959	62.2
Capital grants	2,319	212,432	(210,113)	(98.9)
General revenues:			,	, ,
Real property taxes	186,352,523	182,643,232	3,709,291	2.0
Other real property tax items	14,773,677	15,670,033	(896,356)	(5.7)
Non-property tax items	4,654,236	4,342,198	312,038	7.2
Use of money and property	208,508	189,506	19,002	10.0
Sale of property and				
compensation for loss	131,118	71,793	59,325	82.6
State sources	31,028,475	26,057,447	4,971,028	19.1
Federal sources	326,013	1,647,325	(1,321,312)	(80.2)
Miscellaneous	1,309,608	2,743,000	(1,433,392)	(52.3)
Total revenues	255,101,817	244,454,334	10,647,483	4.4
Expenses				
General support	42,618,028	39,568,601	3,049,427	7.7
Instruction	178,080,474	191,041,683	(12,961,209)	(6.8)
Pupil transportation	9,377,199	8,585,688	791,511	9.2
Debt service - interest	1,868,642	1,919,778	(51,136)	(2.7)
School lunch program	3,457,647	2,854,906	602,741	21.1
Total expenses	235,401,990	243,970,656	(8,568,666)	(3.5)
Change in net position	19,699,827	483,678	19,216,149	3,972.9
Net position, beginning of year	(98,585,342)	(99,069,020)	483,678	0.5
Net position, end of year	\$ (78,885,515)	\$ (98,585,342)	\$ 19,699,827	20.0

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$255,101,817 while total expenses were \$235,401,990, for the year ended June 30, 2022. Therefore, the increase in net position for governmental activities was \$19,699,827 in 2022. The District's financial condition is generally affected by:

- Community support of the District's annual budget as reflected in the increase in revenue from real property taxes;
- Changes in State and Federal aid (sources);
- Conservative fiscal management of the District's expenditures; and
- Continued recognition of the liability for benefits provided to retirees other than pensions ("OPEB").

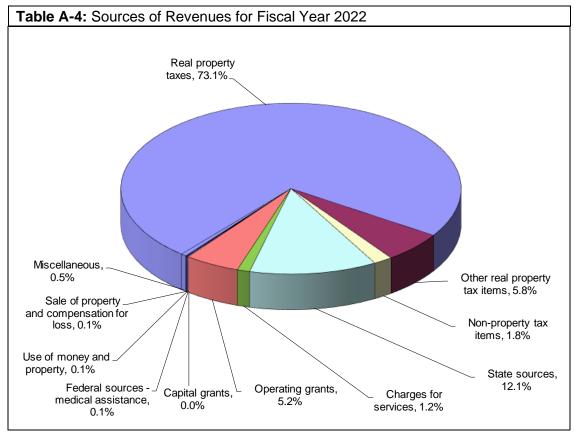
The major changes in revenues and expense are as follows:

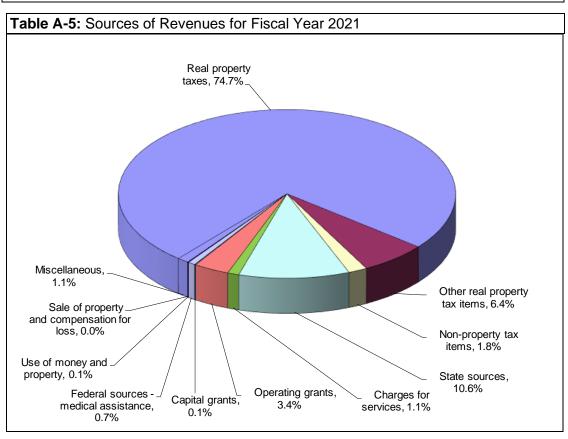
Revenues:

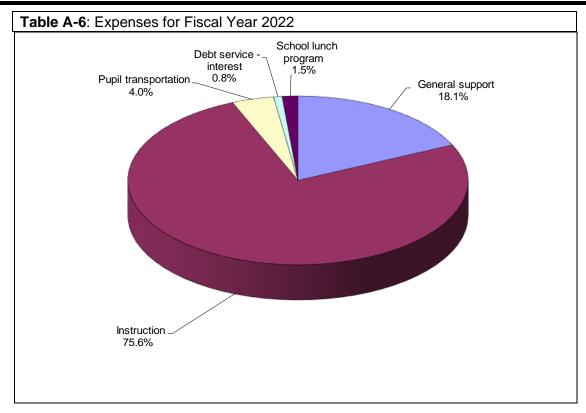
- Real property taxes increased by \$3,709,291. This increase was within the tax cap, reflects a
 modest tax increase to residents and allows for a continued strong educational program.
- Other real property tax items include the reimbursements received under the School Tax Relief Reimbursement Program ("STAR"), Payments in lieu of taxes ("PILOTS") and Interest and Penalties on real property tax assessments. The revenues from the STAR program and PILOT payments decreased \$896,356 or 5.7% reflecting current agreements.
- Unrestricted State sources (aid) increased by \$4,971,028 primarily due to an increase in basic formula revenue.
- Non-property tax revenue increased by \$312,038, which reflects increased taxes collected from consumer utility bills, which is based on energy and utility usage.
- Use of money and property increased by \$19,002, which reflects increased interest earnings and earnings on investments.
- Federal sources decreased by \$1,321,312, which reflects grants received under The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") in prior year.
- Operating grants increased \$5,103,959, which reflects grant received under the CARES Act.

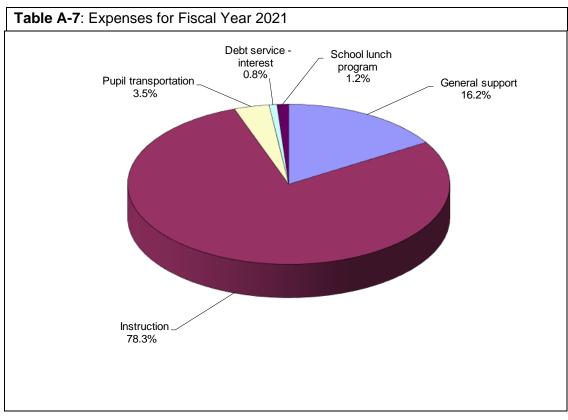
Expenses:

- General support expenses increased \$3,049,427 while instruction expenses decreased by \$12,961,209. The primary reason for the decrease in instruction expenses relate to the overall decrease in the total OPEB liability and the District's proportionate share of the net pension assets.
- Pupil transportation expense increased by \$791,511 as a result of the District reverting to using transportation as compared to hybrid learning and school closures during the pandemic during the year ended June 30, 2021.
- School lunch program expenses increased by \$602,741 as a result of the impacts of New York State mandates during the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as school closures due to the pandemic during the year ended June 30, 2021.









FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$155,276,258, which is an increase of \$15,765,416 from June 30, 2021. Fund balances for the District's governmental funds for the past two years were distributed as follows:

	06/30/22	06/30/21	\$ Change	% Change	
General Fund					
Nonspendable:					
Monies received in advance	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ (50,000)	(33.3)	
Prepaid expense	-	4,000	(4,000)	(100.0)	
Restricted:					
Tax certiorari	61,076,436	67,333,838	(6,257,402)	(9.3)	
Capital reserve	40,315,604	15,915,353	24,400,251	153.3	
Employee benefit accrued liability	3,804,862	4,185,159	(380,297)	(9.1)	
Retirement contributions	6,535,990	6,528,996	6,994	0.1	
Assigned:					
Appropriated for subsequent					
year's expenditures	2,000,000	4,500,000	(2,500,000)	(55.6)	
Encumbrances	6,666,698	6,836,509	(169,811)	(2.5)	
Unassigned	9,793,870	9,181,095	612,775	6.7	
Total General Fund	130,293,460	114,634,950	15,658,510	13.7	
Capital Projects Fund					
Restricted:					
Capital projects	10,338,470	12,067,273	(1,728,803)	(14.3)	
Total Capital Projects Fund	10,338,470	12,067,273	(1,728,803)	(14.3)	
Non-major Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	77,764	54,934	22,830	41.6	
Restricted:					
Debt reserve	11,355,199	11,189,451	165,748	1.5	
Scholarships	868,506	894,338	(25,832)	(2.9)	
Committed:	2-2-25	404.00=	27.00 -	05.0	
Extraclassroom activity funds	250,884	184,997	65,887	35.6	
Assigned:	4 000 004	440.000	4 500 744	000.0	
School Lunch	1,996,964	413,223	1,583,741	383.3	
Student activities	95,011	71,676	23,335	32.6	
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	14,644,328	12,808,619	1,835,709	14.3	
Total fund balance	\$ 155,276,258	\$ 139,510,842	\$ 15,765,416	11.3	

A detailed description of fund balance categories can be found on pages 31 through 33. Of the combined fund balance, it is important to note that only, \$9,793,870 is actually available for use at the District's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Reference is made to supplementary schedule on page 57 which presents original and revised budget amounts, as well as actual results for the District's General Fund.

- Actual revenues were higher than the final budgeted revenues by \$10,914,170 due to higher than anticipated non-property tax items (\$2,654,236), charges for services (\$635,098), state sources (\$6,533,819) and other real property tax items (\$285,712).
- Actual expenditures were approximately \$7.4 million, or 3.0%, less than budget primarily due to lower than anticipated costs in General Support (\$2,190,246), Regular School Instruction (\$1,774,899), Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions (\$1,420,223), Pupil Services (\$455,908) and Employee Benefits (\$924,385) categories.
- As a result of a positive fund balance, the District was able to position itself to fund its reserve for tax certiorari payments to pay claims without the need for borrowing. Additionally, funds were added to the reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liabilities and Capital Reserves.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's unassigned fund balance was \$9,793,870 which equals the allowable 4% of the subsequent year's budget (\$244,846,646) as promulgated by New York State (see page 61). The following is a reconciliation of the General Fund's unassigned fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Unassigned fund balance, beginning of year	\$	9,181,095
Add:		
Prior-year encumbrances		6,836,509
Prior-year nonspendable fund balance		154,000
Prior-year appropriated fund balance		4,500,000
Board approved use of Tax Certiorari Reserve		6,333,838
Board approved use of Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		473,116
Net change in fund balance		15,658,510
Less:		
Current-year encumbrances		(6,666,698)
Current-year nonspendable fund balance		(100,000)
Appropriated for subsequent year's expenditures		(2,000,000)
Board/Community approved transfer to Capital Reserves	((24,362,680)
Board approved transfer to Employee Benefit		
Accrued Liability Reserve		(90,705)
Interest allocated to Tax Certiorari Reserve		(76,436)
Interest allocated to Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		(2,114)
Interest allocated to Capital Reserves		(37,571)
Interest allocated to Retirement Contributions Reserve		(6,994)
Unassigned fund balance, end of year	\$	9,793,870

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the District had invested \$158,928,940, net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, maintenance facilities, athletic facilities, computer and audiovisual equipment, and administrative offices. The details of capital assets are shown in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Table A-9: Capital Assets (net of depreciation)									
	06/30/22	06/30/21	\$ Change	% Change					
Land	\$ 952,377	\$ 952,377	\$ -	-					
Construction-in-progress	3,925,646	4,129,407	(203,761)	(4.9)					
Buildings and building improvements	147,107,099	152,053,674	(4,946,575)	(3.3)					
Improvements other than buildings	6,395,598	4,531,183	1,864,415	41.1					
Machinery and equipment	548,220	196,687	351,533	178.7					
Totals	\$ 158,928,940	\$ 161,863,328	\$ (2,934,388)	(1.8)					

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$66,503,437 in general obligation bonds and other long-term liabilities. The decrease results from current year payments of bonds payable and energy performance contract debt payable. The details of long-term liabilities are shown in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Table A-10: Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities										
	06/30/22	06/30/21	\$ Change	% Change						
Capital bonds payable, net Energy performance contract	\$ 57,777,060	\$ 65,157,766	\$ (7,380,706)	(11.3)						
debt payable	3,558,625	4,415,477	(856,852)	(19.4)						
Lease liabilities	1,362,890	-	1,362,890	100.0						
Compensated absences	3,804,862	3,660,280	144,582	4.0						
Totals	\$ 66,503,437	\$ 73,233,523	\$ (6,730,086)	(9.2)						

FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUTURE OF DISTRICT

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

• In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance, and cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of these financial statements. However, as in the prior years, the District has appropriated General Fund Balance to support any impact due to the pandemic.

- Despite the challenges of the pandemic, in 2021-22 the State of New York fulfilled its commitment to fully fund Foundation Aid and comply with the court's ruling for the Campaign for Fiscal Equity lawsuit. This will result in the White Plains City School District receiving an additional \$14.1 million in State Aid: \$3.3 million in 2021-22, \$5.4 million in 2022-23, and \$5.4 million in 2023-24. As a result, for a second year, the District did not seek to raise the maximum allowable tax levy of 3.24% (or \$6.4 million), as prescribed by law. For the 2022-23, the District will be reducing the maximum allowable tax levy increase to zero percent (0.00%) or (\$0.00). Therefore, the tax levy to be raised will remain at the 2021-22 levy amount.
- The General Fund Budget for the 2022-2023 school year was approved by 90.2% of the voters in the amount of \$244,846,646, which represents an increase of \$15,219,246 or 6.6%, with a zero percent tax levy increase. This reflects a fiscally sound spending plan, predicated on the District's annual update to the Long-Range Strategic Plan and Annual Budget Process. The 2022-23 Proposed Budget includes critical instructional programs and supports for its students to continue to be successful.
- On May 17, 2022, residents of the community approved by over 90% of the voters Phase I and II of the
 District's Long-Range Master Plan, which includes facilities updates to new educational opportunities, at
 no cost to the taxpayer. Since 2018 the District took a proactive, community-based approach to
 developing a Long-Range Master Plan for its Buildings, Grounds, and Infrastructure.
 - Phase I includes upgrades to ventilation, filtration, and air conditioning. Indoor air quality is vital
 to the health and well-being of our students, faculty and staff. The project is being funded by
 Federal and State Grants totaling \$13.65 million and the District's Capital Project Reserve of
 \$12.65 million.
 - Phase I also includes Renovations, Improvements and Educational Program Space that will use \$11.4 million of the District's Capital Reserve and the issuance of \$60 million in Serial Bonds.
 - Additionally, as part of this phase, the District also will be replacing the high school track with funding of \$1.5 million from the 2022-23 General Fund Operating Budget.
 - Phase II of the Long-Range Master Plan consisted of establishing a new Capital Reserve to be funded with unexpended funds (savings) in General Fund and other legally available funds, for a total reserve of \$50 million funded over 15 years.
- The General Fund budget for the 2022-2023 school year was impacted by certain trends affecting school districts. These include potential increases in retirement contributions, health insurance costs, workers' compensation judgments, potential unemployment insurance claims, special education costs, unfavorable tax certiorari proceedings and COVID-19 related expenditures, which are beyond the District's control. The District uses past trends and information available to make estimates to include in the budget each year. Additionally, at the time of the Budget Development the economic impact of inflationary increases were not known and as a result, the District has appropriated General Fund Balance as a precaution to deal with the uncertainly of the economy as it relates to utility costs, construction materials, labor costs and supply chain delays.
- The possibility of New York State allowing for the establishment of other post-employment benefit reserve funds is being discussed in the legislature. This would allow for the District to set aside monies to meet other post-employment retirement benefits such as health insurance. The establishment of that reserve would increase the District's ability to plan for the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

City School District of White Plains, New York Attn: Dr. Ann Vaccaro-Teich, CPA Assistant Superintendent for Business 5 Homeside Lane White Plains, New York 10605

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Unrestricted cash	\$ 25,975,857
Receivables:	
Property taxes	1,260,583
State and Federal aid Due from other governments	8,485,534
Other	1,030,822 425,003
Inventories	77,764
Restricted cash	42,411,387
Restricted investments	93,283,958
Proportionate share of net pension asset	102,001,065
Right-to-use assets, net	1,352,292
Capital assets:	4 070 000
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation of \$111,706,029	4,878,023 154,050,917
Depreciable, fiet of accumulated depreciation of \$111,700,025	134,030,917
Total assets	435,233,205
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows from other post-employment benefits	46,104,064
Deferred outflows from pensions	64,121,625
Total deferred outflows of resources	110 225 690
Total deletted outflows of resources	110,225,689
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	4,224,593
Accrued liabilities Due to other governments	532,058 374,031
Due to teachers' retirement system	11,112,924
Due to employees' retirement system	520,928
Unearned revenue	757,144
Accrued interest payable	331,501
Long-term liabilities due within one year:	
Capital bonds payable, inclusive of premiums and discounts	7,730,706
Energy performance contract debt payable Leases liability	869,777 519,657
Compensated absences	199,801
Long-term liabilities, due after one year:	100,001
Capital bonds payable, inclusive of premiums and discounts	50,046,354
Energy performance contract debt payable	2,688,848
Leases liability	843,233
Compensated absences	3,605,061
Other post-employment benefits	315,241,079
Total liabilities	399,597,695
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows from other post-employment benefits	101,711,865
Deferred inflows from pensions	123,034,849
Total deferred inflows of resources	224,746,714
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	109,209,720
Restricted:	
Tax Certiorari	61,076,436
Capital Projects	10,338,470
Capital Reserve Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	40,315,604 3,804,863
Retirement Contibutions	5,804,863 6,535,990
Debt Service	11,355,199
Scholarships	868,506
Unrestricted	(322,390,303)
Total net position	\$ (78,885,515)

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Expenses		harges for Services	 ram Revenues Operating Grants	Capital Grants	F	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions and programs: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest School lunch program	\$	42,618,028 178,080,474 9,377,199 1,868,642 3,457,647	\$	220,052 2,140,603 4,345 - 645,361	\$ 826,813 8,042,984 16,325 - 4,418,857	\$ - 2,319 - - -	\$	(41,571,163) (167,894,568) (9,356,529) (1,868,642) 1,606,571
Total functions and programs		235,401,990	\$	3,010,361	\$ 13,304,979	\$ 2,319		(219,084,331)
General revenues: Real property taxes Other real property tax items: School tax relief reimbursement Payments in lieu of taxes Interest and penalties on real property Non-property tax items - Tax on consun Unrestricted use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for I State sources Federal sources - medical assistance Miscellaneous	ner utility - intere		: earnin	gs				186,352,523 11,033,020 3,347,672 392,985 4,654,236 208,508 131,118 31,028,475 326,013 1,309,608
Total general revenues								238,784,158
Change in net position								19,699,827
Total net position, beginning of year								(98,585,342)
Total net position, end of year							\$	(78,885,515)

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund		General P			Capital Projects Fund	 Special Aid Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS											
Unrestricted cash	\$	25,282,473	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 693,384	\$	25,975,857			
Receivables:											
Property taxes		1,260,583		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>-</u>		1,260,583			
State and federal aid		3,989,576		-	3,801,147	694,811		8,485,534			
Due from other governments		1,030,822		-	-	-		1,030,822			
Due from other funds		3,839,489		-	-	1,120,177		4,959,666			
Advances from other funds		100,000				- -		100,000			
Other		216,585		64,934	28,000	115,484		425,003			
Inventories					-	77,764		77,764			
Restricted cash		29,656,294		11,627,063	259,524	868,506		42,411,387			
Restricted investments		82,076,598			 -	 11,207,360		93,283,958			
Total assets		147,452,420	\$	11,691,997	\$ 4,088,671	 14,777,486	\$_	178,010,574			
LIABILITIES											
Payables:											
Accounts payable	\$	3,574,103	\$	40,753	\$ 591,530	\$ 18,207	\$	4,224,593			
Accrued liabilities		454,384		-	36,642	41,032		532,058			
Due to other funds		969,692		1,212,774	2,777,200	-		4,959,666			
Advances to other funds		-		100,000	-	-		100,000			
Due to other governments		373,957		-	-	74		374,031			
Due to teachers' retirement system		11,112,924		-	-	-		11,112,924			
Due to employees' retirement system		520,928		-	-	-		520,928			
Unearned revenue		152,972			 683,299	 73,845		910,116			
Total liabilities	_	17,158,960		1,353,527	 4,088,671	 133,158		22,734,316			
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable		100,000		_	_	77,764		177,764			
Restricted		111,732,892		10,338,470	_	12,223,705		134,295,067			
Committed		-		-	_	250,884		250,884			
Assigned		8,666,698		_	_	2,091,975		10,758,673			
Unassigned		9,793,870		-	 	-		9,793,870			
Total fund balance		130,293,460		10,338,470	 	 14,644,328		155,276,258			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	147,452,420	\$	11,691,997	\$ 4,088,671	\$ 14,777,486	\$	178,010,574			

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 155,276,258
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to the following:		
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation are included in the Statement of Net Position: Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable	\$ 4,878,023	
Depreciable	265,756,946	
Accumulated depreciation	(111,706,029)	158,928,940
Right-to-use assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Right-to-use assets	3,781,035	
Accumulated amortization	(2,428,743)	1,352,292
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities		
are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not		
reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are		
included in the Statement of Net Position:	(57 777 060)	
Capital bonds payable, inclusive of premiums and discounts Energy performance contract debt payable	(57,777,060) (3,558,625)	
Leases liabilities, net	(1,362,890)	
Compensated absences	(3,804,862)	(66,503,437)
Componented abounded	(0,001,002)	(00,000,101)
Proportionate share of long-term assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources		
and deferred inflows of resources associated with participation in the State retirement		
systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported		
in the governmental funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related	64,121,625	
Proportionate share of net pension asset - TRS	98,073,013	
Proportionate share of net pension asset - ERS	3,928,052	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	(123,034,849)	43,087,841
Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources		
associated with the total OPEB liability are not current financial resources or obligations		
and are not reported in the fund financial statements.	10.101.001	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related	46,104,064	
Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related	(315,241,079) (101,711,865)	(370,848,880)
Deletted lilliows of resources - OPED related	(101,711,000)	(370,040,000)
Interest payable applicable to the District's activities are not due and		
payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the		
fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in		
the Statement of Net Position.		(331,501)
Davis and the form of a second on the found fine of the terror of the country to		
Revenue that was not accrued on the fund financial statements because it		
does not meet the availability criteria under the modified accrual basis of accounting is included in the Statement of Net Position:		
State sources		152,972
		 102,312
Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (78,885,515)

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Special Aid Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Real property taxes	\$ 186,352,523	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,352,523
Other real property tax items	14,773,677	=	=	-	14,773,677
Non-property tax items	4,654,236	-	-	-	4,654,236
Charges for services Intergovernmental revenues	1,995,098 30,585	-	-	-	1,995,098 30,585
Use of money and property	578,410	-	=	-	578,410
Sale of property and compensation for loss	131,118	-	=	-	131,118
State sources	30,870,865	2,319	2,970,913	67,948	33,912,045
Federal sources	326,013	2,519	5,919,847	4,350,909	10,596,769
Food sales	320,013	_	5,515,047	645,361	645,361
Miscellaneous	860,537	50,000		368,486	1,279,023
Total revenues	240,573,062	52,319	8,890,760	5,432,704	254,948,845
EXPENDITURES					
Current -					
General support	38,470,645	=	93,909	-	38,564,554
Instruction	117,980,953	=	7,226,666	287,187	125,494,806
Pupil transportation	8,725,720	-	544,745	-	9,270,465
Employee benefits	50,934,585	-	1,071,450	-	52,006,035
Cost of sales	=	=	=	3,457,647	3,457,647
Capital outlay	=	1,781,122	=	-	1,781,122
Debt service -					
Principal	9,199,634	-	-	-	9,199,634
Interest	2,369,838	-			2,369,838
Total expenditures	227,681,375	1,781,122	8,936,770	3,744,834	242,144,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	12,891,687	(1,728,803)	(46,010)	1,687,870	12,804,744
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from issuance of leases	2,960,672	-	-	-	2,960,672
Transfers in	2,359,463	-	287,194	2,266,118	4,912,775
Transfers out	(2,553,312)		(241,184)	(2,118,279)	(4,912,775)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,766,823		46,010	147,839	2,960,672
Change in fund balance	15,658,510	(1,728,803)	-	1,835,709	15,765,416
Fund balance, beginning of year	114,634,950	12,067,273		12,808,619	139,510,842
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 130,293,460	\$ 10,338,470	<u> </u>	\$ 14,644,328	\$ 155,276,258

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those asset is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period is: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Governmental funds report lease outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those leases is allocated over their lease term and reported as amortization expense. Right-to-use assets Right-to-use assets Amortization expense Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. State sources The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of fong-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of fong-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of fong-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Lease liabilities issued Repayment of lona-glament purchase debt payable Principal payments on lease liabilities Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Amortization of bond issue premiums and discounts, net Accrued interest costs Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Proportionate share of the net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Total OP	Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 15,765,416
Statement of Activities, the cost of those leases is allocated over their lease term and reported as amortization expense. Right-to-use assets Amortization expense Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. State sources The Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Lease liabilities issued Repayment of bond principal Repayment of bond principal Repayment of bond principal Repayment of installment purchase debt payable Principal payments on lease liabilities Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Amortization of bond issue premiums and discounts, net Accrued interest costs Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Proportionate share of the net pension asset Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension relat	the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period is: Capital outlay		(2,934,388)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governemental funds. State sources The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Lease liabilities issued (2,960,672) Repayment of bond principal Repayment of installment purchase debt payable Repayment of instal	Statement of Activities, the cost of those leases is allocated over their lease term and reported as amortization expense. Right-to-use assets	3,781,035	1.352.292
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Lease liabilities issued (2,960,672) Repayment of bond principal 6,745,000 Repayment of installment purchase debt payable 856,852 Principal payments on lease liabilities 1,597,782 6,238,962 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences (144,582) Amortization of bond issue premiums and discounts, net 635,706 Accrued interest costs (134,510) 356,614 Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension related (731,900) Proportionate share of the net pension asset 117,641,419 Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (100,791,008) 16,118,511 Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related (13,608,115) Total OPEB liability 97,969,428 Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related (101,711,865) (17,350,552)	Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Amortization of bond issue premiums and discounts, net Accrued interest costs Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Proportionate share of the net pension asset Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (731,900) Proportionate share of the net pension asset 117,641,419 Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (100,791,008) 16,118,511 Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related Total OPEB liability 97,969,428 Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related (101,711,865) (17,350,552)	to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Lease liabilities issued Repayment of bond principal Repayment of installment purchase debt payable	6,745,000 856,852	6,238,962
retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension related (731,900) Proportionate share of the net pension asset 117,641,419 Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (100,791,008) 16,118,511 Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related (13,608,115) Total OPEB liability 97,969,428 Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related (101,711,865) (17,350,552)	use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Amortization of bond issue premiums and discounts, net	635,706	356,614
Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related (13,608,115) 97,969,428 (101,711,865) (17,350,552)	retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Proportionate share of the net pension asset	117,641,419	16,118,511
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 19,699,827	Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related Total OPEB liability	97,969,428	(17,350,552)
	Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	_	\$ 19,699,827

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City School District of White Plains, New York (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

A. Reporting entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on such criteria the District has determined there are no component units to be included within their reporting entity.

B. Joint venture

The District is a component district in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"). BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$16,948,215 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$4,282,494.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of presentation

1. <u>District-wide financial statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid (sources), intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, depreciation and amortization are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide financial information about the District's funds. Separate financial statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds received form State and Federal grants that are restricted for educational programs.

The District also reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the child nutrition and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. The non-major special revenue fund of the District is the School Lunch Fund, which is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the District.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.

Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund: Used to account for the activities of student groups, extraclassroom activity funds and scholarships for students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. When a capital asset is sold and all or a portion of the bonds used to finance the capital asset are outstanding, this fund must be used to account for the proceeds from the sale of capital assets up to the balance of related bonds outstanding.

D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within a reasonable period of time after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until available. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. <u>Property taxes</u>

Real property taxes, for the City of White Plains residents, are levied annually by the Board of Education during the month of July and become payable (enforceable lien) in July and January. This portion of the District's tax levy is collected by the City of White Plains (the "City") and remitted to the District.

The City guarantees the full payment of the District's warrant and assumes responsibility for the uncollected taxes. On or after January 31st, the District submits a statement of unpaid taxes to the City. The City remits, as collected, the unpaid taxes and within two years of the receipt of the statement, any balance due.

F. Restricted resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G. <u>Interfund transactions</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

Advances to/from other funds represent loans to other funds which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent year. The advances are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

In the District-wide financial statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types. Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 8 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, useful lives of long-lived assets, computation of the expected lease payments or receipts to present value, the proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities, and the total OPEB liability.

I. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies; obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts and obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (if permitted by the District's policy).

J. Investments

The District participates in the New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("NYCLASS") a cooperative investment pool established pursuant to General Municipal Law that meets the definition of a 2a7-like pool. In accordance with the provisions of General Municipal Law, Article 3A, NYCLASS has designated Public Trust Advisors, LLC as its registered investment advisor. Public Trust Advisors, LLC is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and is subject to all rules and regulations of an investment advisor handling public funds. As such, the SEC provides regulatory oversight of NYCLASS.

The District also participates in the New York Liquid Assets Fund ("NYLAF") established pursuant to General Municipal Law that meets the definition of a 2a7-like pool. The sponsoring agency of the pool is another governmental unit, which acting through the fiscal officer, is primarily responsible for executing the provisions of the cooperative agreement.

The pools are authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The amounts represent the amortized cost of the cooperative shares and are considered to approximate fair value. The District's position in the pools is equal to the value of the pool shares. Additional information concerning the NYCLASS is presented in the annual report which may be obtained from Public Trust Advisors, LLC, 717 17th Street, Suite 1850, Denver, CO 80202. Additional information concerning the NYLAF is presented in the annual report, which may be obtained from the Governing Board c/o PMA Financial Network, LLC, 2135 City Gate Lane, 7th Floor, Naperville, IL 60563.

NYCLASS and NYLAF are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Rating Service. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. The pools invest in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

The District also invests in obligations of the United States (i.e. U.S. Treasury Strips). Obligations of the United States are permissible municipal investments in New York State. These obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Investments are stated at fair value.

K. Accounts (other) receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

L. Inventory and prepaid items

Inventory of food in the School Lunch Fund is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and may be recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventory and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures.

M. Other assets/restricted assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the District-wide financial statements as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

In the District-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and any prepaid bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

N. <u>Capital assets</u>

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 1975. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 1975, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>		Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than	\$	10,000	Straight line	20-50 years	
buildings	\$	10,000	Straight line	15-20 years	
Furniture and equipment	\$	10,000	Straight line	5-15 years	

O. Right-to-use assets

The District has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term and ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service, less lease incentives. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

P. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District have four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

Q. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District can have five items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue - property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability (NYSTRS and NYSERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs. The fifth item is related to leases which are recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

R. Unearned revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

S. Vested employee benefits - compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Pronouncements, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

Civil service employees may accumulate an unlimited number of days for sick and personal leave. Upon retirement, those employees with at least twenty years of service with the District will receive \$40 for each unused sick or personal day earned in the six year period immediately preceding retirement. Retiring teachers who have completed at least twelve years of service with the District, at the time of retirement, receive an amount equal to fifty percent of accrued sick leave or 125 days, whichever is less, at the per diem rate of \$60. Retiring administrators who have completed at least seven years of service with the District, at the time of retirement, will receive \$75 for 50% of accrued sick days to a maximum of 125 days. In addition, retiring teachers and administrators shall receive \$60 and \$75, respectively, per day for each unused sick and personal day accrued during the last three years immediately preceding retirement. Vacation time is generally taken within the year earned. However, civil service employees and administrators, upon separation of service from the District, will be compensated for unused vacation time as provided in their contract. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the District-wide financial statements.

T. Other benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

U. Short-term debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN") and Tax Anticipation Notes ("TAN"), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes ("BAN"), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within seven years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

As of June 30, 2022, the District does not have any outstanding RAN's, TAN's, BAN's or deficiency notes.

V. Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments and other post-employment benefits that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

W. Equity classifications

District-wide financial statements

In the District-wide financial statements there are three classes of net position:

1. <u>Net investment in capital assets</u>: Consists of capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

- 2. Restricted net position: Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted</u>: Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- 1. <u>Nonspendable</u> Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes advances recorded in the General fund of \$100,000 and inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$77,764.
- Restricted Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Tax Certiorari

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and can be expended without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Capital</u>

According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System is included in this reserve, but is separately administered and complies with all existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

Debt Service

According to General Municipal Law §6-I, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement.

- Committed Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education.
- 4. <u>Assigned</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.
- 5. <u>Unassigned</u> Includes all other General Fund fund balance that does not meet the definition of the above four classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted or assigned.

Fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2022 were distributed as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable: Inventory Advances	\$ - 100,000	\$ -	\$ 77,764 -	\$ 77,764 100,000		
Total nonspendable	100,000		77,764	177,764		
Restricted:						
Tax Certiorari	61,076,436	-	-	61,076,436		
Ongoing capital projects	-	10,338,470	-	10,338,470		
Capital Reserve	40,315,604	-	-	40,315,604		
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Retirement Contributions:	3,804,862	-	-	3,804,862		
Employees' Retirement System	896,298	-	-	896,298		
Teachers' Retirement System	5,639,692	-	-	5,639,692		
Debt Service	-	-	11,355,199	11,355,199		
Scholarships			868,506	868,506		
Total restricted	111,732,892	10,338,470	12,223,705	134,295,067		
Committed: Extraclassroom activity funds			250,884	250,884		
Total committed			250,884	250,884		
Assigned:						
Encumbrances Appropriated for subsequent	6,666,698	-	-	6,666,698		
year's expenditures	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000		
School Lunch Fund	-,,	-	1,996,964	1,996,964		
Student activities			95,011	95,011		
Total assigned	8,666,698		2,091,975	10,758,673		
Unassigned	9,793,870			9,793,870		
Total	\$ 130,293,460	\$ 10,338,470	\$ 14,644,328	\$ 155,276,258		

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (i.e. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the District-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

2. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements and the District-wide financial statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide financial statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. <u>Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities</u>

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet.

B. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities</u>

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of six broad categories. The categories are shown below:

1. Long-term revenue/expense differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital related differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund financial statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund financial statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Right-to-use asset related differences

Right-to-use asset related differences include the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of right-to-use assets in the fund financial statements and amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

4. Long-term debt transaction differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

5. Pension differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

6. <u>OPEB differences</u>

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective July 1, 2021, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the District's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary data

- 1. At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- 2. At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget. Prior to the budget hearing, several public forums and workshops are held by the District. These public forums and workshops are designed to supplement the annual statutory budget hearing in educating voters to inform themselves and to contribute to the District's budget process.
- 3. The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- 4. The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.

- 5. If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- 7. The General Fund budget is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Budgets are established and used for the individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects. An annual budget is not adopted for the Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund or Debt Service Fund.
- 8. The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- Appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are re-appropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments are approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The District had budget revisions totaling \$14,653,936 for the current year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Budgets are established and used for the individual Capital Projects Fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

The portion of the District's School Lunch Fund fund balance subject to federal regulations 7CFR Part 210.14(b) limit exceeded the amount allowable, which is three months average expenditure level. Actions the District plans to pursue to address this issue include purchasing new kitchen equipment, improving food quality and making substantial enhancements to the school kitchen serving lines in the upcoming year.

5. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISKS</u>

The District's aggregate bank balances, including balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, are collateralized as follows:

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name \$ 75,878,025

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$42,411,387 within the governmental funds.

Investment and deposit policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, State and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Official of the District.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

- Level 1 U.S. Government fixed income and domestic fixed income of \$82,076,598 and \$9,907,965, respectively fluctuate in value in response to changes in interest rates and credit risk.
- Level 1 Short-term investments held by the District consist of cash equivalents backed by the Federal Government amounting to \$1,299,395.

For purposes of reporting cash flow, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and near their maturity.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District is exposed to interest-rate risk as follows:

		Investment Maturities (in years)								
	E a la Mala a		Less Than		1 - 5		6 - 10		Over 10	
	 Fair Value		1 Year		Years		Years		Years	
U.S. Government fixed income	\$ 82,076,598	\$	82,076,598	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Domestic fixed income	9,907,965		9,907,965		-		-		-	
Short-term	1,299,395		1,299,395		-		-		-	
	\$ 93,283,958	\$	93,283,958	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Credit risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts
- Certificates of deposit
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations of New York State and its localities

The quality ratings of investments are as follows:

Quality rating	Balance Fair Value	Percentage of portfolio
AAAm	\$ 11,207,360	12.01%
Total credit risk investments	11,207,360	12.01%
U.S. government fixed income investments*	82,076,598	87.99%
Total investments	\$ 93,283,958	100.00%

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities
- Obligations issued by other than New York State in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

6. RECEIVABLES

A. State and Federal aid

Due from State and Federal aid at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund:	
BOCES Aid	\$ 2,300,802
Basic Aid	42,526
Homeless Aid	858,230
New York State Aid - excess cost aid	582,251
Sales tax	202,233
Medicaid reimbursement	3,534
Special Aid Fund: State and federal grants	3,801,147
Non-major Governmental Fund: School Lunch Fund:	
School breakfast and lunch reimbursement	 694,811
	\$ 8,485,534

B. Due from other governments

Due from other governments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

General Fund:	
Foster tuition	\$ 21,692
Health services	247,072
Various other	513,039
City of White Plains	 249,019
	\$ 1,030,822

C. <u>Property taxes receivables</u>

Property taxes receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

General Fund:

Property taxes receivable -

Current year

\$ 1,260,583

7. RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

The District has recorded right-to-use assets for leased equipment. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Long-Term Liabilities section in Note 11. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

	-	jinning Ilance	Additions	Ded	uctions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Right-to-use assets: Leased equipment	\$	-	\$ 3,781,035	\$	_	\$ 3,781,035
Less accumulated amortization: Leased equipment		<u>-</u> _	 2,428,743		<u>-</u> _	2,428,743
Total right-to-use assets, net	\$		\$ 1,352,292	\$		\$ 1,352,292

8. <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

Fund	Interfund								
	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>	Revenues	Expenditures					
Major Funds:		•		•					
General	\$ 3,839,489	\$ 969,692	\$ 2,359,463	\$ 2,553,312					
Capital Projects	-	1,212,774	-	-					
Special Aid	-	2,777,200	287,194	241,184					
Non-major Funds:									
School Lunch	969,692	-	-	-					
Other Miscellaneous Special Revenues	2,646	-	-	-					
Debt Service	147,839		2,266,118	2,118,279					
Totals	\$ 4,959,666	\$ 4,959,666	\$ 4,912,775	\$ 4,912,775					

Interfund receivables and payables, between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund revenues for the Special Aid Fund reflect the District's required share of s4201 and s4401 Special Education programs and tuitions, which are required to be accounted for in the Special Aid Fund.

9. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending <u>Balance</u>		
Capital assets not depreciated:		•	•			
Land	\$ 952,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 952,377		
Construction-in-progress	4,129,407	1,324,610	(1,528,371)	3,925,646		
Total nondepreciable assets	5,081,784	1,324,610	(1,528,371)	4,878,023		
Capital assets that are depreciated: Buildings and building						
improvements	246,354,558	1,038,423	(28,956)	247,364,025		
Improvements other than buildings	11,631,431	875,783	1,528,371	14,035,585		
Furniture and equipment	3,428,647	999,727	(71,038)	4,357,336		
Total depreciable assets	261,414,636	2,913,933	1,428,377	265,756,946		
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and building						
improvements	94,300,884	5,956,174	(132)	100,256,926		
Improvements other than buildings	7,100,248	539,739	-	7,639,987		
Furniture and equipment	3,231,960	640,541	(63,385)	3,809,116		
Total accumulated depreciation	104,633,092	7,136,454	(63,517)	111,706,029		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 161,863,328	\$ (2,897,911)	\$ (36,477)	\$ 158,928,940		
Depreciation expense was charged to	governmental func	tions as follows:				
General support		\$ 664,014				
Instruction		6,459,329				
Pupil transportation		13,111	_			
		\$ 7,136,454	=			

10. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Non-Major						
	 General		ecial Aid	Gov	ernmental		Total
Payroll and employee benefits	\$ \$ 454,384		36,642	\$	41,032	\$	532,058

11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	F	Reductions	 Ending Balance	Amounts Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:						
Capital bonds payable	\$ 58,165,000	\$ -	\$	6,745,000	\$ 51,420,000	\$ 7,095,000
Unamortized bond discounts						
and premiums	6,992,766	-		635,706	6,357,060	635,706
	_	_				
Total bonds payable	65,157,766	-		7,380,706	57,777,060	7,730,706
Energy performance contract						
debt payable	4,415,477	-		856,852	3,558,625	869,777
Leases liabilities	-	2,960,672		1,597,782	1,362,890	519,657
Compensated absences	3,660,280	144,582		-	3,804,862	199,801
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 73,233,523	\$ 3,105,254	\$	9,835,340	\$ 66,503,437	\$ 9,319,941

The following is a summary of long-term indebtedness:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Net Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2022
District-wide construction Refunding serial bonds	2017 2017	2026 2032	1.26% 1.90%	\$ 17,090,000 34,330,000
				\$ 51,420,000
Energy performance contract	2010	2026	3.85%	\$ 3,558,625

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

	Conita				
	Principal	Capital Bonds Principal Interest		tract Interest	Total
Year Ended June 30,					
2023	\$ 7,095,000	\$ 1,847,875	\$ 869,777	\$ 48,502	\$ 9,861,154
2024	7,465,000	1,493,125	882,898	35,382	9,876,405
2025	7,805,000	1,161,825	896,216	22,064	9,885,105
2026	8,125,000	849,625	909,734	8,545	9,892,904
2027	3,745,000	524,625	-	-	4,269,625
2028-2032	17,185,000	1,041,075			18,226,075
	\$ 51,420,000	\$ 6,918,150	\$ 3,558,625	\$ 114,493	\$ 62,011,268

Interest on long-term debt for the year was comprised of:

Interest paid	\$ 2,369,838
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(196,991)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	331,501
Less amortization of premiums/discounts	(635,706)
Interest expense	\$ 1,868,642

<u>Bonds payable</u> - The District borrows money in order to acquire equipment or for capital construction and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities bear interest at various rates and have maturity dates through 2032.

<u>Energy performance contract payable</u> - During 2010, the District entered into a \$10,850,000 contractual agreement to install energy saving equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The terms of the contract provide for repayment over fifteen years, with quarterly installments aggregating \$985,954 per annum. Payments include interest at 3.85%. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the lease payment terms. The balance due at June 30, 2022 was \$3,558,625.

<u>Lease liabilities</u> - The District has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of July 1, 2021.

The first agreement was executed on May 4, 2020, to lease copier machines and requires 60 monthly payments of \$16,159. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.75%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$522,012 at June 30, 2022.

The second agreement was executed on June 1, 2020, to lease equipment technology and requires 36 monthly payments of \$23,351. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.75%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. During fiscal 2022, the District fully paid off this lease. As a result, the District has no outstanding balance at June 30, 2022.

The third agreement was executed on June 1, 2020, to lease equipment technology and requires 36 monthly payments of \$26,772. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.75%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. During fiscal 2022, the District fully paid off this lease. As a result, the District has no outstanding balance at June 30, 2022.

The fourth agreement was executed on April 23, 2021, to lease copier machines and requires 60 monthly payments of \$7,593. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.75%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$306,617 at June 30, 2022.

The fifth agreement was executed on June 1, 2021, to lease equipment technology and requires 36 monthly payments of \$23,351. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.75%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$503,409 at June 30, 2022.

The sixth agreement was executed on December 16, 2021, to lease postage machines and requires 60 monthly payments of \$426. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.75%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$20,254 at June 30, 2022.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,						
	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	519,657	\$	50,699	\$	570,356
2024		520,178		26,826		547,004
2025		248,979		8,842		257,821
2026		71,970		1,479		73,449
2027		2,106		24		2,129
	\$	1,362,890	\$	87,870	\$	1,450,760

Other long-term liabilities - The liabilities for compensated absences are liquidated through future budgetary appropriation in the funds that gave rise to the liability, with the majority being liquidated through the General Fund. Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately.

12. PENSION PLANS

General information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("NYSERS"). These are cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

Provisions and administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. NYSTRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in NYSTRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL governs obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("GLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. NYSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

Funding policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under NYSERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For NYSTRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For NYSERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the NYSERS' fiscal year ended March 31.

The District share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	 NYSERS		NYSTRS
2022	\$ 2,465,084	\$	9,154,440
2021	2,209,638		8,486,725
2020	2.118.006		9.865.063

<u>Pension assets, liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset for its proportionate share of the net pension asset for each of the Systems. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 for NYSTRS and March 31, 2022 for NYSERS. The total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems in reports provided to the District:

	NYSERS March 31, 2022		NYSTRS June 30, 2021	
Measurement date				
Net pension asset	\$	3,928,052	\$	98,073,013
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset		0.04805%		0.56595%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$612,001 for NYSERS and pension income of \$5,816,923 for NYSTRS. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSERS	Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSTRS	Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSERS	Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSTRS
Difference between expected experience and actual experience	\$ 297,477	\$ 13,518,325	\$ 385,844	\$ 509,531
Changes in assumptions	6,555,479	32,258,264	110,617	5,712,464
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	12,862,725	102,643,556
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	930,572	172,063	12,752	797,360
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	520,928	9,868,517		
Total	\$ 8,304,456	\$ 55,817,169	\$ 13,371,938	\$109,662,911

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,:	NYSERS		NYSTRS	
2023	\$	(640,601)	_	\$ (12,854,470)
2024		(1,187,575)		(14,999,141)
2025		(3,153,371)		(18,897,786)
2026		(606,863)		(24,795,228)
2027		-		4,578,531
Thereafter		-		3,253,835

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension asset as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	*Rates of increase differ based on service
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.40%

^{*}The salary scaled used for NYSTRS changes based upon levels of service as defined below:

Service	Rate
5	5.18%
15	3.64%
25	2.50%
35	1.95%

For NYSTRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020. For NYSERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

For NYSTRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020. For NYSERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	NYS	NYSERS		TRS
	Target allocation	Long-term rate	Target allocation	Long-term rate
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Asset type				
Cash	1.00%	(1.00%)	1.00%	(0.20%)
Credit	4.00%	3.78%	-	-
Domestic equity	32.00%	3.30%	33.00%	6.80%
Domestic fixed income	-	-	16.00%	1.30%
Fixed income	23.00%	0.00%	-	-
Global equity	-	-	4.00%	7.10%
Global fixed income	-	-	2.00%	0.80%
High-yield fixed income	-	-	1.00%	3.80%
International equity	15.00%	5.85%	16.00%	7.60%
Opportunistic porfolio	3.00%	4.10%	-	-
Private debt	-	-	1.00%	5.90%
Private equity	10.00%	6.50%	8.00%	10.00%
Real assets	3.00%	5.58%	-	-
Real estate	9.00%	5.00%	11.00%	6.50%
Real estate debt		-	7.00%	3.30%
	100.00%		100.00%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) to the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.90% for NYSERS and 5.95% for NYSTRS) or 1 percentage point higher (6.90% for NYSERS and 7.95% for NYSTRS) than the current rate:

<u>NYSERS</u>	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ (10,110,764)	\$ 3,928,052	\$ 15,670,844
<u>NYSTRS</u>	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 10,291,333	\$ 98,073,013	\$ 171,847,146

Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension asset of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	NYSERS		Total	
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Employers' total pension asset	\$ 223,874,888	\$ 130,819,415	\$ 354,694,303	
Plan net position	232,049,473	148,148,457	380,197,930	
Employers' net pension asset	\$ 8,174,585	\$ 17,329,042	\$ 25,503,627	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset	103.65%	113.25%	107.19%	

For NYSTRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the system in September, October and November 2022 through a State aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid NYSTRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the NYSTRS System. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$9,868,517.

For NYSERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid NYSERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$520,928. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

A. General information about the OPEB plan

Plan description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided

The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent of which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of July 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	722
Active plan members	1,202
Total plan members	1,924

Total OPEB liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$315,241,079 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, with update procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.00% average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.77%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.0% in 2023, decreasing 0.25% per year to

an ultimate rate of 4.5% in 2033

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0% to 8% of projected health insurance

premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on an average of three 20-year bond indices (Bond Buyer – 20 BOND GO, S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, and Fidelity GO AA 20 Years) as of June 30, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Healthy Male and Female Total Dataset Headcount-Weighted Mortality tables projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

B. Changes in the total OPEB liability

Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 413,210,507
Changes for the year -	
Service cost	10,755,457
Interest	15,428,901
Change in assumptions	(116,242,132)
Benefit payments	 (7,911,654)
Net changes	 (97,969,428)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 315,241,079

C. OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expenses of \$25,262,206. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB from change in assumptions of \$101,711,865 and \$46,104,064, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,:	
2023	\$ (922,152)
2024	(922,152)
2025	(3,307,997)
2026	(6,864,703)
2027	(14,530,267)
Thereafter	(29 060 530)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.77%) or one percentage point higher (4.77%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase
	(2.77%)	(3.77%)	(4.77%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 380,443,538	\$ 315,241,079	\$ 264,931,477

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase
	(6.00%	(7.00%	(8.00%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	3.50%)	4.50%)	5.50%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 258,707,176	\$ 315,241,079	\$ 391,206,229

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District and other school districts have formed a reciprocal insurance company (the "Company") to be owned by these school districts. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, auto liability, all risk building and contents and auto physical damage coverage.

In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, excess insurance, school board legal liability, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery and crime and bond coverage will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber school districts. The Company retains a management company, which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the Company. The Company is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber school districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber school districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The District purchases various insurance coverage from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The District maintains a general liability insurance policy with coverage up to \$1 million in the aggregate. The District also maintains liability coverage for school board members up to \$1 million and an excess catastrophe policy with coverage up to \$25 million in the aggregate. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District and neighboring districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the Southern Westchester Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan for Workers' Compensation. The purpose of the Plan is to provide for the efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against plan members for workers' compensation and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers' compensation and employers' liability payments. The Plan is managed and governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of a representative from each school district. Premiums are based upon experience ratings. The District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

The District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the State-Wide Schools Cooperative Health Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated December 12, 1985. The purposes of the Plan are to effect cost savings in members' expenses for health coverage; to permit members to secure improved levels of health coverage; to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for health coverage; and to provide for such risk management services as may be appropriate to reduce future expense and liability for health coverage. The governance of the Plan shall be in all respects in the hands of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall consist of seven trustees elected by the general membership of the Plan. No action may be taken by the Board of Trustees except by vote of a majority of the total number of trustees. Billings to participants are based upon coverage provided to each participant's employees. The District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Service concession arrangements

In accordance with GASB Pronouncements, the District is required to recognize a liability for certain obligations to sacrifice financial resources (i.e. capital improvements) under the terms of a service concession arrangement or, a deferred inflow of resources for up-front or installment payments received from the operator in advance of the revenue being earned. The District had no such arrangements as of June 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2022, no liability or deferred inflow of resources was reflected on the District's financial statements as a result of a service concession arrangement.

Government grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Property tax cap

In June 2011, the New York State Legislature enacted Chapter 97, Laws of 2011 Real Property Tax Levy Cap and Mandate Relief Provisions. For fiscal years through at least June 15, 2022, the growth in the property tax levy was capped at 2 percent or the rate of inflation (but not less than 1 percent plus the levy growth factor), whichever is less, with some exceptions. The New York State Comptroller set the allowable levy growth factor for school districts for fiscal years beginning July 1, 2021 at 1.01 (before exemptions). School districts can exceed the tax levy limit by a 60 percent vote of the tax payers, or by local law.

Litigation

There are currently pending tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require payment of future tax refunds by the District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at this time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year payment is made.

The District is also involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of business. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance, and cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of these financial statements.

16. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$4,731,462 under agreements entered into by the City of White Plains.

17. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The District will evaluate the impact each of these upcoming pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material. The following is a list of GASB pronouncements issued but not yet effective:

GASB Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Effective Fiscal Year
Statement No. 91	Conduit Debt Obligations	June 30, 2023
Statement No. 94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements	June 30, 2023
Statement No. 96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	June 30, 2023

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the Statement of Net Position through the date of October 3, 2022 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, noting no matters requiring further financial statement disclosure.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Real property taxes	\$ 197,235,072	\$ 186,202,052	\$ 186,352,523		\$ 150,471
Other real property tax items	3,454,945	14,487,965	14,773,677		285,712
Non-property tax items	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,654,236		2,654,236
Charges for services	1,360,000	1,360,000	1,995,098		635,098
Intergovernmental revenues	20,000	20,000	30,585		10,585
Use of money and property	500,000	500,000	578,410		78,410
Sale of property and compensation for loss	· <u>-</u>	- -	131,118		131,118
Miscellaneous	657,000	701,829	860,537		158,708
Total local sources	205,227,017	205,271,846	209,376,184		4,104,338
State sources	22,232,104	24,337,046	30,870,865		6,533,819
Federal sources	50,000	50,000	326,013		276,013
				•	
Total revenues	227,509,121	229,658,892	240,573,062		10,914,170
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Proceeds from issuance of leases	-	2,960,672	2,960,672		-
Transfers in	2,118,279	2,118,279	2,359,463		241,184
Total revenues and other financing sources	229,627,400	234,737,843	245,893,197		11,155,354
EXPENDITURES					
General support:					
Board of Education	214,024	226,049	148,118	\$ -	77,931
Central administration	434,978	436,026	428,088	-	7,938
Finance	1,688,413	1,709,391	1,589,444	73,237	46,710
Staff	1,670,664	1,757,791	1,528,567	305	228,919
Central services	24,165,260	37,138,865	30,200,100	5,995,475	943,290
Special items	3,381,358	5,787,093	4,576,328	325,307	885,458
Total general support	31,554,697	47,055,215	38,470,645	6,394,324	2,190,246
Instruction:					
Instruction, administration and improvement	8,937,097	8,494,070	8,182,855	15,368	295,847
Teaching - regular school	67,794,093	67,468,225	65,594,213	99,113	1,774,899
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	29,077,541	28,372,961	26,819,842	132,896	1,420,223
Teaching - special school	501,994	386,986	369,898		17,088
Instructional media	2,481,826	2,418,306	2,154,136	6,587	257,583
Pupil services	15,401,055	15,334,327	14,860,009	18,410	455,908
•				·	
Total instruction	124,193,606	122,474,875	117,980,953	272,374	4,221,548
Pupil transportation	10,790,232	8,769,492	8,725,720	-	43,772
Employee benefits	52,840,461	51,858,970	50,934,585	-	924,385
Debt service:	, ,	, ,			,
Principal	7,601,852	9,199,634	9,199,634	_	_
Interest	2,246,552	2,369,838	2,369,838		
Total expenditures	229,227,400	241,728,024	227,681,375	6,666,698	7,379,951
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	400,000	2,553,312	2,553,312		
Total expenditures and other financing uses	229,627,400	244,281,336	230,234,687	\$ 6,666,698	7,379,951
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (9,543,493)	15,658,510		\$ 18,535,305
Fund balance, beginning of year			114,634,950		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Measurement date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 10,755,457	\$ 5,198,911	\$ 4,598,814	\$ 5,277,420	\$ 4,909,644
Interest	15,428,901	7,498,814	8,657,689	11,340,517	11,094,195
Change in assumptions	(116,242,132)	45,993,374	21,340,248	14,315,070	-
Benefit payments	(7,911,654)	(8,550,993)	(9,028,771)	(6,260,578)	(6,033,918)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(97,969,428)	50,140,106	25,567,980	24,672,429	9,969,921
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	413,210,507	363,070,401	337,502,421	312,829,992	302,860,071
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 315,241,079	\$ 413,210,507	\$ 363,070,401	\$ 337,502,421	\$ 312,829,992
Covered payroll	\$ 112,794,610	\$ 106,203,251	\$ 103,711,432	\$ 103,711,432	\$ 103,711,432
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	279.48%	389.08%	350.08%	325.42%	301.64%

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay OPEB benefits, as New York State currently does not allow school districts to establish this type of trust. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	NYSERS														
		2022		(A) 2021	(B) 2020	2019	2018	2017	(C) 2016	2015	2014				
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)		0.04805%	0.0	4621%	0.04446%	0.04497%	0.04334%	0.04434%	0.04628%	0.04585%	0.04585%				
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	3,928	\$	(46)	\$ (11,772)	\$ (3,186)	\$ (1,399)	\$ (4,162)	\$ (7,428)	\$ (1,549)	\$ (2,072)				
District's covered payroll	\$	16,114	\$ 16,103		\$ 15,489	\$ 14,379	\$ 14,413	\$ 13,708	\$ 13,239	\$ 13,276	\$ 13,414				
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll		24.38%		0.29%	76.01%	22.16%	9.71%	30.36%	56.11%	11.67%	15.45%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)		103.65%	9	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%	97.95%	97.20%				

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of March 31.

- (A) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.
- (B) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.
- (C) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

	NYSTRS														
	_	(D) 2022	2021	(E) 2020	2019	(F) 2018	(G) 2017	2016	2015	2014					
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)		0.56595%	0.56434%	0.55651%	0.55771%	0.54759%	0.55148%	0.54162%	0.54575%	0.54914%					
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	98,073	\$ (15,594)	\$ 14,458	\$ 10,085	\$ 4,162	\$ (5,907)	\$ 56,257	\$ 60,793	\$ 3,615					
District's covered payroll	\$	96,913	\$ 97,886	\$ 94,292	\$ 92,085	\$ 88,163	\$ 85,116	\$ 81,359	\$ 80,616	\$ 80,437					
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll		101.20%	15.93%	15.33%	10.95%	4.72%	6.94%	69.15%	75.41%	4.49%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)		113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%					

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of June 30.

- (D) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.10% to 6.95% effective with the June 30, 2021 measurement date.
- (E) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.25% to 7.10% effective with the June 30, 2019 measurement date.
- (F) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.5% to 7.25% effective with the June 30, 2018 measurement date.
- (G) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

*Note to Required Supplementary Information

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

			NYSE	RS						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,465	\$ 2,210	\$ 2,118	\$ 2,114	\$ 2,144	\$ 2,091	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,509	\$ 2,607	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,465_	2,210	2,118	2,114	2,144	2,091	2,425_	2,509	2,607	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,079	\$ 16,406	\$ 15,299	\$ 14,400	\$ 14,413	\$ 13,708	\$ 13,329	\$ 13,276	\$ 13,414	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.33%	13.47%	13.84%	13.84%	14.88%	15.25%	18.19%	18.90%	19.43%	
			NYST	RS						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,154	\$ 8,487	\$ 9,865	\$ 8,903	\$ 10,170	\$ 11,284	\$ 14,262	\$ 13,100	\$ 9,524	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	9,154	8,487	9,865	8,903	10,170	11,284_	14,262	13,100	9,524	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 102,144	\$ 98,381	\$ 96,560	\$ 93,102	\$ 92,085	\$ 85,116	\$ 81,359	\$ 80,616	\$ 80,437	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.96%	8.63%	10.22%	9.56%	11.04%	13.26%	17.53%	16.25%	11.84%	

*Note to Required Supplementary Information

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Change from adopted budget to final budget:		
Original budget	\$ 222,790,891	
Add: prior year encumbrances	 6,836,509	
Adopted budget		\$ 229,627,400
Add: Budget revisions		12,504,175
Add supplemental appropriations: State Aid Records Management Other unclassified revenues Gifts and donations		2,053,942 51,000 30,000 14,819
Final budget		\$ 244,281,336
§1318 of real property tax law limit calculation:		
2022-2023 voter-approved budget		\$ 244,846,646
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 budget)		\$ 9,793,866
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 8,666,698 9,793,870	\$ 18,460,568
Less: Appropriated for subsequent year Encumbrances		2,000,000 6,666,698
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law		\$ 9,793,870
Actual percentage		 4.0%

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING SOURCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						E	xpenditures					Methods of Financing									
Project Title	 Original Appropriation				Prior Years		Current Year		Total		Unexpended Balance		Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid			Local Sources		Total		und Balance une 30, 2022
2022-2023 Master Plan Phase 1	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,219	\$	64,219	\$	(64,219)	\$	- 5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(64,219)
2021-2022 DASNY - High School	2,750,000		2,750,000		-		71,615		71,615		2,678,385		-				-		-		(71,615)
2020-2021 George Washington Bathrooms Highlands Steam Heating MAS PA/Intercom Rochambeau Bathroom and Ceiling	475,000 7,000,000 585,000 1,940,000		565,000 7,055,000 440,000 1,940,000		5,847 39,000 2,830 17,742		19,678 220,517 415,811 107,050		25,525 259,517 418,641 124,792		539,475 6,795,483 21,359 1,815,208		: : :		- - -		565,000 7,055,000 440,000 1,940,000		565,000 7,055,000 440,000 1,940,000		539,475 6,795,483 21,359 1,815,208
2019-2020 High School Turf Highlands Turf High School PA Smart School Pass Through Cappelli Pledge	3,645,713 2,273,900 480,387 293,989		4,042,363 1,877,250 1,115,475 293,989		2,535,012 1,525,542 1,020,649 212,987 1,009,520		629,839 250,254 - 2,139		3,164,851 1,775,796 1,020,649 215,126 1,009,520		877,512 101,454 94,826 78,863				- - - 215,126 -		4,042,363 1,877,250 1,115,655 - 900,000		4,042,363 1,877,250 1,115,655 215,126 900,000		877,512 101,454 95,006 - (109,520)
Prior Projects Totals	\$ 19,443,989	\$	20,079,077	\$	6,369,129	\$	1,781,122	\$	8,150,251	\$	12,938,346	\$	338,327 338,327	\$	215,126	\$	17,935,268	\$	338,327 18,488,721	\$	338,327 10,338,470

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Capital assets, net		\$ 158,928,940
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable (capital only)	\$ 7,730,706	
Long-term portion of bonds payable (capital only)	50,046,354	
Short-term portion of energy performance contract debt payable	869,777	
Long-term portion of energy performance contract debt payable	2,688,848	
Short-term portion of leases liability	519,657	
Long-term portion of lease liability	 843,233	62,698,575
Add:		
Unspent bond proceeds	11,627,063	
Rights-to-use assets, net	 1,352,292	12,979,355
Net investment in capital assets		\$ 109,209,720

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Unrestricted cash	\$ 25,282,473	\$ 24,449,825
Receivables:		
Property taxes	1,260,583	1,731,219
State and federal aid	3,989,576	5,388,312
Due from other governments	1,030,822	1,572,301
Due from other funds	3,839,489	4,915,486
Advances from other funds	100,000	150,000
Other	216,585	193,781
Restricted cash	29,656,294	30,260,707
Restricted investments	82,076,598	63,702,639
Prepaid expense	-	4,000
Total assets	\$ 147,452,420	\$ 132,368,270
LIABILITIES		
Payables:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,574,103	\$ 5,820,657
Accrued liabilities	454,384	262,680
Due to other funds	969,692	-
Due to other governments	373,957	454,407
Due to teachers' retirement system	11,112,924	10,366,108
Due to employees' retirement system	520,928	734,308
Compensated absences	-	95,160
Unearned revenue	152,972	-
Total liabilities	17,158,960_	17,733,320
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable	100,000	154,000
Restricted	111,732,892	93,963,346
Assigned	8,666,698	11,336,509
Unassigned	9,793,870	9,181,095
Total fund balance	130,293,460	114,634,950
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 147,452,420	\$ 132,368,270

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

			2022			_			2021		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES	Dauget	Duaget	Actuui	Lincumbrances	Variance	_	Duaget	Duaget	Actuui	Liteumbrances	Variance
Local sources:											
Real property taxes	\$ 197,235,072	\$ 186,202,052	\$ 186,352,523		\$ 150,471	\$		\$ 182,719,805	\$ 182,643,232		\$ (76,573)
Other real property tax items	3,454,945	14,487,965	14,773,677		285,712		15,466,760	15,466,760	15,670,033		203,273
Non-property tax items	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,654,236		2,654,236		2,000,000	2,000,000	4,342,198		2,342,198
Charges for services	1,360,000	1,360,000	1,995,098		635,098		1,160,000	1,160,000	2,399,565		1,239,565
Intergovernmental revenues	20,000 500,000	20,000 500,000	30,585 578,410		10,585 78,410		20,000	20,000 501,008	2,193 431,492		(17,807)
Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss	500,000	500,000	131,118		131,118		501,008	501,008	71,793		(69,516) 71,793
Miscellaneous	657,000	701,829	860,537		158,708		657,000	703,170	2,219,891		1,516,721
Miscella leous	007,000	701,023	000,337		130,700		037,000	703,170	2,219,091		1,310,721
Total local sources	205,227,017	205,271,846	209,376,184		4,104,338		202,524,573	202,570,743	207,780,397		5,209,654
State sources	22,232,104	24,337,046	30,870,865		6,533,819		28,469,477	28,469,477	27,452,808		(1,016,669)
Federal sources	50,000	50,000	326,013		276,013		50,000	50,000	1,668,675		1,618,675
Total revenues	227,509,121	229,658,892	240,573,062		10,914,170		231,044,050	231,090,220	236,901,880		5,811,660
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Proceeds from issuance of leases		2,960,672	2,960,672								
Transfers in	2,118,279	2,118,279	2,359,463		241,184	_	1,200,000	2,118,279	3,700,414		1,582,135
Total revenues and other financing sources	229,627,400	234,737,843	245,893,197		11,155,354	_	232,244,050	233,208,499	240,602,294		7,393,795
EXPENDITURES											
General support:											
Board of Education	214.024	226,049	148.118	٠ .	77,931		272,769	212.673	176,231	¢ _	36.442
Central administration	434.978	436,026	428,088	· -	7.938		426,140	419.303	390.559	Ψ - -	28.744
Finance	1,688,413	1,709,391	1,589,444	73,237	46,710		1,673,404	1,726,045	1,593,700	93,383	38,962
Staff	1,670,664	1,757,791	1,528,567	305	228,919		1,857,043	1,894,222	1,370,590	104,745	418,887
Central services	24,165,260	37,138,865	30,200,100	5,995,475	943,290		28,697,064	32,555,044	25,026,287	6,301,272	1,227,485
Special items	3,381,358	5,787,093	4,576,328	325,307	885,458	_	4,108,223	4,924,008	3,792,150	246,386	885,472
Total general support	31,554,697	47,055,215	38,470,645	6,394,324	2,190,246	_	37,034,643	41,731,295	32,349,517	6,745,786	2,635,992
Instruction:											
Instruction, administration and improvement	8,937,097	8,494,070	8,182,855	15,368	295,847		8,890,920	8,797,789	8,188,012	22,294	587,483
Teaching - regular school	67,794,093	67,468,225	65,594,213	99,113	1,774,899		66,942,670	65,359,069	63,237,952	40,626	2,080,491
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	29,077,541	28,372,961	26,819,842	132,896	1,420,223		30,792,356	28,333,462	26,801,484	22,253	1,509,725
Teaching - special school	501,994	386,986	369,898	-	17,088		520,146	520,714	157,837	2,000	360,877
Instructional media	2,481,826	2,418,306	2,154,136	6,587	257,583		2,380,408	2,430,935	2,236,529		194,406
Pupil services	15,401,055	15,334,327	14,860,009	18,410	455,908	_	15,653,144	15,752,016	13,847,396	3,550	1,901,070
Total instruction	124,193,606	122,474,875	117,980,953	272,374	4,221,548		125,179,644	121,193,985	114,469,210	90,723	6,634,052
Pupil transportation	10,790,232	8.769.492	8,725,720	_	43.772		10,676,719	8,999,269	8.324.063	_	675,206
Employee benefits	52,840,461	51,858,970	50,934,585		924,385		56,738,082	51,312,012	49,342,294	-	1,969,718
Debt service:	02,010,101	01,000,010	00,001,000		021,000		00,700,002	01,012,012	10,012,201		1,000,110
Principal	7.601.852	9,199,634	9,199,634	_	-		6,100,000	7.269.119	7.269.119	_	_
Interest	2,246,552	2,369,838	2,369,838			_	2,811,375	2,580,536	2,580,536		
Total expenditures	229,227,400	241,728,024	227,681,375	6,666,698	7,379,951		238,540,463	233,086,216	214,334,739	6,836,509	11,914,968
OTHER FINANCING USES											
Transfers out	400,000	2,553,312	2,553,312	-			400,000	18,044,298	18,000,268	_	44,030
Total expenditures and other financing uses	229,627,400	244,281,336	230,234,687	\$ 6,666,698	7,379,951		238,940,463	251,130,514	232,335,007	\$ 6,836,509	11,958,998
	223,021,400			Ψ 0,000,090		_				Ψ 0,030,309	
Change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (9,543,493)	15,658,510		\$ 18,535,305	<u>\$</u>	(6,696,413)	\$ (17,922,015)	8,267,287		\$ 19,352,793
Fund balance, beginning of year			114,634,950						106,367,663		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 130,293,460						\$ 114,634,950		

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) COMPARED TO BUDGET - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Rudget Amounts				
	Adopted	Budget Amounts Adopted Final		Year-end	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES			710100		
Real property taxes	\$ 197,235,072	\$ 186,202,052	\$ 186,352,523	-	\$ 150,471
Total real property taxes	197,235,072	186,202,052	186,352,523		150,471
Other real property tax items:					
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,354,945	3,354,945	3,347,672		(7,273)
School tax relief reimbursement	-	11,033,020	11,033,020		-
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	100,000	100,000	392,985		292,985
Total other real property tax items	3,454,945	14,487,965	14,773,677		285,712
Non-property tax items:					
Tax on consumer utility bills	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,654,236		2,654,236
Total non-property tax items	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,654,236		2,654,236
				•	
Charges for services: Day school tuition			8,000		8,000
Day school tuition - other districts	300.000	300.000	0,000		(300,000)
Health services for other districts	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,898,343		898,343
Other services for other governments	60,000	60,000	60,000		-
Other charges for services - individuals	-	-	28,755		28,755
•		-		•	
Total charges for services	1,360,000	1,360,000	1,995,098		635,098
Intergovernmental revenues	20,000	20,000	30,585		10,585
Total intergovernmental revenues	20,000	20,000	30,585		10,585
Use of money and property:					
Earning on investments	200,000	200,000	208,508		8,508
Rental of real property	300,000	300,000	369,902		69,902
				•	
Total use of money and property	500,000	500,000	578,410	•	78,410
Sale of property and compensation for loss:					
Sale of equipment	-	-	25,645		25,645
Insurance recoveries	-	-	101,906		101,906
Other			3,567		3,567
Total sale of property and compensation					
for loss			131,118		131,118
Miscellaneous local sources:					
Gifts and donations	47,000	61,829	14,819		(47,010)
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-	,520	28,343		28,343
Refund for BOCES' aided services	410,000	410,000	536,458		126,458
Other	200,000	230,000	280,917		50,917
Total miscellaneous local sources	657,000	701,829	860,537		158,708
				•	,

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) COMPARED TO BUDGET - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts						
	Adopted	Final		Year-end			
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance		
State sources: Basic formula	\$ 17,568,592	\$ 12,059,738	\$ 18,037,952		\$ 5,978,214		
Records Management	φ 17,500,592 -	51,000	51,000		φ 3,970,214 -		
Public excess cost	4,063,512	4,063,512	3,809,832		(253,680)		
Lottery Aid	-	3,230,618	3,357,057		126,439		
BOCES	-	3,603,077	4,282,494		679,417		
Tuition for students with disabilities	600,000	-	-		-		
Homeless aid	-	600,000	600,000		-		
Textbooks, computer software/hardware and library	-	729,101	732,530		3,429		
Pandemic aid							
Total state sources	22,232,104	24,337,046	30,870,865		6,533,819		
Federal sources:							
FEMA Madicald	- F0 000	-	200,226		200,226		
Medicaid	50,000	50,000	125,787		75,787		
Total federal sources	50,000	50,000	326,013		276,013		
Total revenues	227,509,121	229,658,892	240,573,062		10,914,170		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from issuance of leases	-	2,960,672	2,960,672		-		
Interfund transfers in	2,118,279	2,118,279	2,359,463		241,184		
Total revenues and other financing sources	229,627,400	234,737,843	245,893,197		11,155,354		
_	220,027,100	201,707,010	210,000,101	•	11,100,001		
EXPENDITURES							
GENERAL SUPPORT Board of Education:							
Board of Education	40,810	35,310	21,014	\$ -	14,296		
District Clerk	132,564	155,589	100,064	φ - -	55,525		
District meeting	40,650	35,150	27,040	-	8,110		
•							
Total Board of Education	214,024	226,049	148,118	· -	77,931		
Central administration:							
Chief school administrator	434,978	436,026	428,088	·	7,938		
Total central administration	434,978	436,026	428,088		7,938		
Finance							
Finance: Business administration	1,176,382	1,164,754	1,126,724	18,737	19,293		
Accounting and auditing	155,000	180,500	107.670	54,500	18,330		
Treasurer	118,500	121,716	117,444	-	4,272		
Purchasing	198,531	202.421	197,606	-	4,815		
Tax collector	40,000	40,000	40,000				
Total finance	1,688,413	1,709,391	1,589,444	73,237	46,710		
Staff:							
Legal	385,000	355,064	280,015	_	75,049		
Personnel	891,042	882,014	824,326	_	57,688		
Public information and services	298,967	288,919	275,386	50	13,483		
Records management	95,655	231,794	148,840	255	82,699		
Total staff	1,670,664	1,757,791	1,528,567	305	228,919		
Central services:							
Operation and maintenance of plant	16,736,187	25,294,756	18,991,365	5,778,306	525,085		
Security	1,869,541	2,175,880	2,005,989	23,363	146,528		
Central printing and mailing	911,804	1,700,234	1,600,001	2,745	97,488		
Central data processing	4,647,728	7,967,995	7,602,745	191,061	174,189		
Total central services	24,165,260	37,138,865	30,200,100	5,995,475	943,290		
					, . <u>, . , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , .</u>		

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) COMPARED TO BUDGET - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts						
	Adopted Final Budget Budget			Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance	
GENERAL SUPPORT, CONT'D:	Duuget		uuget	Actual	Liteumbrances	Variance	
Special items:							
Unallocated insurance	\$ 899,556	\$	810,556	\$ 808,823	\$ -	\$ 1,733	
School association dues	30,000		30,000	27,402	-	2,598	
Assessments on school property	465,000		465,000	377,429	-	87,571	
Refunds of real property taxes	775,000	:	3,269,735	2,150,872	325,307	793,556	
Capital Expenses - BOCES	218,512		218,512	218,512	-	-	
Administrative charge - BOCES	993,290		993,290	993,290			
Total special items	3,381,358		5,787,093	4,576,328	325,307	885,458	
Total general support	31,554,697	47	7,055,215	38,470,645	6,394,324	2,190,246	
INSTRUCTION							
Instruction, administration and improvement:							
Curriculum development and supervision	2,778,856		2,535,867	2,431,417	5,400	99,050	
Supervision - regular school	5,200,816		5,163,275	4,977,996	9,968	175,311	
Research, planning and evaluation	287,022		227,022	214,415	-	12,607	
In-service training - instruction	670,403		567,906	559,027	-	8,879	
Total instruction, administration					4= 000		
and improvement	8,937,097	8	8,494,070	8,182,855	15,368	295,847	
Teaching - regular school	67,794,093	67	7,468,225	65,594,213	99,113	1,774,899	
Total teaching - regular school	67,794,093	67	7,468,225	65,594,213	99,113	1,774,899	
Programs for children with							
handicapping conditions:							
Programs for students with disabilities	29,077,541	28	8,372,961	26,819,842	132,896	1,420,223	
1 Tograms for stadents with disabilities	25,011,041		0,012,001	20,010,042	102,000	1,420,220	
Total programs for children with							
handicapping conditions	29,077,541	28	8,372,961	26,819,842	132,896	1,420,223	
Teaching - special school:	504.004		000 000	200 200		17.000	
Summer/extended school year	501,994		386,986	369,898		17,088	
Total teaching - special school	501,994		386,986	369,898		17,088	
Instructional media:	4 500 000		4 404 500	4 405 040	0.440	00.500	
School library and audio/visual Computer assisted instruction	1,506,986 974,840		1,494,569 923,737	1,425,918 728,218	6,142 445	62,509 195,074	
Computer assisted instruction	974,040	-	923,131	120,210	443_	195,074	
Total instructional media	2,481,826		2,418,306	2,154,136	6,587	257,583	
Pupil services:							
Attendance - regular school	622,343		706,477	699,722	_	6,755	
Guidance - regular school	2,735,924	:	2,794,081	2,751,686	_	42,395	
Health services - regular school	2,854,392		2,665,576	2,610,897	_	54,679	
Psychological services - regular school	1,753,058		1,897,985	1,897,517	-	468	
Social work services - regular school	1,880,605		1,792,607	1,692,097	-	100,510	
Pupil personnel services - special schools	3,634,653		3,501,546	3,359,485	6,248	135,813	
Co-curricular activities - regular school	491,094		486,473	466,178	-	20,295	
Interscholastic athletics - regular school	1,428,986		1,489,582	1,382,427	12,162	94,993	
-							
Total pupil services	15,401,055	1	5,334,327	14,860,009	18,410	455,908	
Total instruction	124,193,606	122	2,474,875	117,980,953	272,374	4,221,548	

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) COMPARED TO BUDGET - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts					
	Adopted	Final		Year-end		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance	
Pupil transportation:						
District transportation services	\$ 278,807	\$ 247,391	\$ 230,719	\$ -	\$ 16,672	
Contract and public carrier transportation	10,511,425	8,522,101	8,495,001		27,100	
Total pupil transportation	10,790,232	8,769,492	8,725,720		43,772	
Employee benefits:						
Employee state retirement	2,432,041	2,255,903	2,044,253	-	211,650	
Teachers' retirement	10,082,664	9,864,504	9,602,800	-	261,704	
Social security	8,592,431	8,549,131	8,528,079	-	21,052	
Workers' compensation benefits	622,352	624,994	616,883	-	8,111	
Life insurance	140,000	130,000	114,372	-	15,628	
Unemployment benefits	120,000	90,219	66,884	-	23,335	
Disability insurance	40,000	40,000	27,209	-	12,791	
Hospital and medical insurance	27,732,473	26,748,775	26,412,111	-	336,664	
Dental insurance	590,000	545,446	534,873	-	10,573	
Health insurance waiver	1,489,750	1,546,745	1,530,906	-	15,839	
Union welfare benefits	978,750	985,950	983,100	-	2,850	
Other	20,000	477,303	473,115		4,188	
Total employee benefits	52,840,461	51,858,970	50,934,585		924,385	
DEBT SERVICE						
Principal:						
Leases	-	1,597,782	1,597,782	-	-	
Serial bonds	6,745,000	6,745,000	6,745,000	-	-	
Energy performance contract	856,852	856,852	856,852			
Total principal	7,601,852	9,199,634	9,199,634			
Interest:						
Leases	_	123,286	123,286	_	_	
Serial bonds	2,185,125	2,185,125	2,185,125	_	_	
Energy performance contract	61,427	61,427	61,427	_	_	
Total interest	2,246,552	2,369,838	2,369,838		<u>-</u>	
Total debt service	9,848,404	11,569,472	11,569,472			
Total expenditures	229,227,400	241,728,024	227,681,375	6,666,698	7,379,951	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	400,000	2,553,312	2,553,312			
Total expenditures and other financing uses	229,627,400	244,281,336	230,234,687	\$ 6,666,698	7,379,951	
Change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (9,543,493)	15,658,510		\$ 18,535,305	
Fund balance, beginning of year			114,634,950			
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 130,293,460			

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Restricted cash	\$ 11,627,063	\$ 13,306,680
Accounts receivable	 64,934	 270,363
Total assets	\$ 11,691,997	\$ 13,577,043
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 40,753	\$ 65,415
Due to other funds	1,212,774	1,294,355
Advances to other funds	 100,000	 150,000
Total liabilities	 1,353,527	 1,509,770
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted	10,338,470	 12,067,273
Total fund balance	 10,338,470	 12,067,273
Total liabilities and fund		
balance	\$ 11,691,997	\$ 13,577,043

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021
REVENUES	•		_
State sources	\$ 2,3	319 \$	212,432
Miscellaneous sources	50,0	000	50,000
Total revenues	52,0	319	262,432
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out		-	(1,824,546)
Transfers in		<u> </u>	10,000,000
Total other financing sources		<u>-</u>	8,175,454
Total revenues and other financing sources (uses)	52,3	319	8,437,886
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	1,781,	122	5,323,763
Total expenditures	1,781,	122	5,323,763
Change in fund balance	(1,728,8	303)	3,114,123
Fund balance, beginning of year	12,067,2	273	8,953,150
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,338,4	<u>470</u> \$	12,067,273

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - SPECIAL AID FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
ASSETS				
Restricted cash	\$	259,524	\$	343,382
Receivables:				
State and Federal aid		3,801,147		72
Other		28,000		
Total assets	\$	4,088,671	<u>\$</u>	343,454
LIADULTICO				
LIABILITIES	Φ.	504 500	Φ.	045.055
Accounts payable	\$	591,530	\$	315,355
Accrued liabilities		36,642		43,204
Due to other funds		2,777,200		3,102,059
Unearned revenues		683,299		19,843
Total liabilities	_\$_	4,088,671	_\$	3,480,461

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL AID FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

			2022			-			2021		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES					,	-					
State sources Federal sources	\$ 3,247,946 18,975,919	\$ 3,248,615 20,337,490	\$ 2,970,913 5,919,847		\$ (277,702) (14,417,643)	-	\$ 3,048,427 \$ 4,128,638	2,913,267 5,420,576	\$ 2,449,081 3,698,664		\$ (464,186) (1,721,912)
Total revenues	22,223,865	23,586,105	8,890,760		(14,695,345)		7,177,065	8,333,843	6,147,745		(2,186,098)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfers in	317,963	326,220	287,194		(39,026)	-	350,000	350,000	261,342		(88,658)
Total revenues and other financing sources	22,541,828	23,912,325	9,177,954		(14,734,371)	-	7,527,065	8,683,843	6,409,087		(2,274,756)
EXPENDITURES General support:											
Central services	11,441,130	11,446,171	93,909	\$ 856,569	10,495,693	-	833	3,632	2,193	\$ -	1,439
Total general support	11,441,130	11,446,171	93,909	856,569	10,495,693	-	833	3,632	2,193		1,439
Instruction:											
Instruction, administration and improvement	1,000,647	1,302,465	886,058	43,400	373,007		824,126	1,027,770	767,959	39,887	219,924
Teaching - regular school	2,071,046	2,815,020	1,457,847	9,010	1,348,163		1,110,851	1,783,022	970,692	287,213	525,117
Programs for students with handicapping conditions	1,767,362	1,966,673	1,543,996	(569)	423,246		1,672,650	1,793,243	1,391,001	-	402,242
Teaching - special schools	210,132	278,582	60,858	11,396	206,328		17,032	19,685	-	-	19,685
Instruction - pupil services	3,588,577	3,556,482	3,277,907	950	277,625		3,239,286	3,229,250	2,929,337	3,594	296,319
Total instruction	8,637,764	9,919,222	7,226,666	64,187	2,628,369		6,863,945	7,852,970	6,058,989	330,694	1,463,287
Pupil transportation	856,242	907,892	544,745	110,627	252,520		403,292	569,970	119,133	_	450,837
Employee benefits	1,365,508	1,397,856	1,071,450	-	326,406		258,995	257,271	228,772	-	28,499
Total expenditures	22,300,644	23,671,141	8,936,770	\$ 1,031,383	13,702,988	-	7,527,065	8,683,843	6,409,087	\$ 330,694	1,944,062
OTHER FINANCING USES											
Transfer out	241,184	241,184	241,184			-					
Total expenditures and other financing uses	22,541,828	23,912,325	9,177,954			-	7,527,065	8,683,843	6,409,087		
Change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-		\$ (1,031,383)	=	\$ - 5	\$ -	-		\$ (330,694)
Fund balance, beginning of the year											
Fund balance, end of year			\$ -						\$ -		

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

(With Comparative Totals For June 30, 2021)

	 School Lunch Fund		Debt Service Fund	 Other scellaneous Special venue Fund	Total Non-Major overnmental Funds 2022		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds 2021
ASSETS							
Unrestricted cash	\$ 350,135	\$	-	\$ 343,249	\$ 693,384	\$	660,983
Receivables:							
State and Federal aid	694,811		-	-	694,811		690,096
Other	115,484		-	-	115,484		5,715
Due from other funds	969,692		147,839	2,646	1,120,177		-
Restricted cash	-		-	868,506	868,506		894,338
Restricted investments	-		11,207,360	-	11,207,360		11,189,451
Inventory	 77,764	-		 	 77,764		54,934
Total assets	\$ 2,207,886	\$	11,355,199	\$ 1,214,401	\$ 14,777,486	\$	13,495,517
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 18,207	\$	=	\$ =	\$ 18,207	\$	73,343
Accrued liabilities	41,032		-	-	41,032		22,485
Due to other governments	74		-	-	74		519,072
Unearned revenues	 73,845		-	 -	 73,845		71,998
Total liabilities	 133,158			 	 133,158		686,898
FUND BALANCE							
Fund balance:							
Nonspendable	77,764		-	-	77,764		54,934
Restricted	-		11,355,199	868,506	12,223,705		12,083,789
Committed	-		-	250,884	250,884		184,997
Assigned	 1,996,964		-	 95,011	 2,091,975		484,899
Total fund balance	 2,074,728		11,355,199	1,214,401	14,644,328	_	12,808,619
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,207,886	\$	11,355,199	\$ 1,214,401	\$ 14,777,486	\$	13,495,517

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals For June 30, 2021)

	School Lunch Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds 2022	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds 2021
REVENUES					
State sources	\$ 67,948	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67,948	\$ 81,188
Federal sources	4,350,909	-	-	4,350,909	2,396,951
Food sales	645,361	-	-	645,361	34,797
Miscellaneous sources		17,909	350,577	368,486	470,916
Total revenues	5,064,218	17,909	350,577	5,432,704	2,983,852
EXPENDITURES					
Cost of sales	3,457,647	_	-	3,457,647	2,854,906
Instruction			287,187	287,187	309,724
Total expenditures	3,457,647		287,187	3,744,834	3,164,630
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,606,571	17,909	63,390	1,687,870	(180,778)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	2,266,118	-	2,266,118	7,981,337
Transfers out		(2,118,279)		(2,118,279)	(2,118,279)
Total other financing sources (uses)		147,839		147,839	5,863,058
Change in fund balance	1,606,571	165,748	63,390	1,835,709	5,682,280
Fund balance, beginning of year	468,157	11,189,451	1,151,011	12,808,619	7,126,339
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,074,728	\$ 11,355,199	\$ 1,214,401	\$ 14,644,328	\$ 12,808,619

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - SCHOOL LUNCH FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
ASSETS				
Unrestricted cash	\$	350,135	\$	404,310
Receivables:				
State and Federal aid		694,811		690,096
Other		115,484		5,715
Due to other funds		969,692		- -
Inventory		77,764		54,934
Total assets	_\$	2,207,886	_\$_	1,155,055
		_		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	18,207	\$	73,343
Accrued liabilities		41,032		22,485
Due to other funds		-		519,072
Due to other governments		74		-
Unearned revenues		73,845		71,998
Total liabilities		133,158		686,898
		,		
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable		77,764		54,934
Assigned		1,996,964		413,223
Total fund balance		2,074,728		468,157
Total liabilities and fund balance	_\$_	2,207,886	\$	1,155,055

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - SCHOOL LUNCH FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
REVENUES		_		_
State sources	\$	67,948	\$	81,188
Federal sources		4,350,909		2,396,951
Food sales		645,361		34,797
Total revenues		5,064,218		2,512,936
		_		_
EXPENDITURES				
Cost of sales		3,457,647		2,854,906
Total expenditures		3,457,647		2,854,906
Change in fund balance		1,606,571		(341,970)
		400 457		0.40.40=
Fund balance, beginning of year		468,157		810,127
Fund balance, and of year	Φ	2.074.720	¢	160 157
Fund balance, end of year	_\$_	2,074,728	_\$_	468,157

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - DEBT SERVICE FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS Restricted investments Due from other funds	\$ 11,207,360 147,839	\$ 11,189,451 -
Total assets	\$ 11,355,199	\$ 11,189,451
FUND BALANCE Restricted	11,355,199_	11,189,451_
Total fund balance	11,355,199	11,189,451
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 11,355,199	\$ 11,189,451

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES Miscellaneous sources	\$ 17,909	\$ 217,727
Total revenues	17,909	217,727
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	2,266,118 (2,118,279)	7,981,337 (2,118,279)
Total other financing sources (uses)	147,839	5,863,058
Change in fund balance	165,748	6,080,785
Fund balance, beginning of year	11,189,451	5,108,666
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 11,355,199	\$ 11,189,451

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Cluster Title/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed - Through Programs From:			
New York State Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster: IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants ARP IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Preschool Grants ARP IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027A 84.173A 84.027X 84.173X	0032-22-1101 0033-22-1101 5533-22-1101 5533-22-1101	\$ 1,889,053 52,493 54,064 28,813
Total Special Education Cluster			2,024,423
Title I, Part A Cluster: ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies ESEA, Title I, Part D, Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I, Part A Cluster CARES Act, Education Stabilization Fund Cluster: CARES Act, ESF, American Rescue Plan CARES Act, ESF, ARP Homeless Child & Youth I CARES Act, ESF, CRRSA Total CARES Act, Education Stabilization Fund Cluster ESEA, Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students ESEA, Title III, Part A, Language Instruction For Immigrant Students	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A 84.010A 84.425U 84.425W 84.425D 84.367A 84.365A 84.365A 84.365A 84.365A 84.365A 84.424A 84.196A 84.196A	0021-21-3815 0021-22-3815 0016-21-3815 5880-21-3815 5218-22-3815 5891-21-3815 0147-21-3815 0149-22-3815 0149-21-3815 0293-22-3815 0293-22-3815 0204-22-3815 0204-22-3815 0212-22-3038 0212-21-3073	1,672,073 1,310,578 16,615 241,207 1,568,400 1,658 209,976 32,239 2,016 154,105 39,157 63,349 15,116 100,676 36,659
Tatal II C. Danadonant of Education			654,951
Total U.S. Department of Education			5,919,847
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Direct Program:	07.040	N/A	000 000
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	N/A	200,226
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			200,226
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Program:			
Surmmer Food Service Program For Children	10.559	N/A	4,068,294
Passed - Through Programs From:			
New York State Office of General Services			
Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	N/A	282,615
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			282,615
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,350,909
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 10,470,982

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City School District of White Plains, New York (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance of the District.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received, which is provided by New York State.

3. INDIRECT COSTS

The City School District of White Plains, New York has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. **SUBRECIPIENTS**

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

5. OTHER DISCLOSURES

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

6. MAJOR PROGRAM DETERMINATION

The District was deemed to be a "low-risk auditee", therefore, major programs were determined based on 20% of total federal award expenditures.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the City School District of White Plains, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City School District of White Plains, New York (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Nawrocki Smith

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hauppauge, New York October 3, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the City School District of White Plains, New York:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City School District of White Plains, New York (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Nawrocki Smith

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Nawrocki Smith

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hauppauge, New York October 3, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Summary Of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance, were disclosed during the audit.
- 7. The programs tested as a major program included:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
10.559	<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> - Summer Food Service Program For Children
97.042	U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Emergency Management Performance Grant

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

C. Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None reported.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None reported.

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Journal entry review

During our review of journal entries, while we noted review procedures to be in place, we noted there is no documentation of journal entries being reviewed and approved on a regular basis by someone independent of the preparer. This situation increases the risk of unauthorized journal entries being posted to the general ledger.

We recommend that the District develop a process by which journal entries are reviewed and approved on a regular basis. In this manner, internal control over journal entries may be enhanced.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

None reported.



CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Education of the City School District of White Plains, New York

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of cash receipts and disbursements of the various Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the City School District of White Plains (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related note to financial statement, which collectively comprise the financial statement of the District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds.

In our opinion, the statement of cash receipts and disbursements referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash receipts and disbursements of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the City School District of White Plains for the year ended June 20, 2022 in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City School District of White Plains and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of this financial statement, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statement is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Nawrocki Smith

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Hauppauge, New York October 3, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Cash Balances July 1, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2022	
ligh School:		recorpto	Diobarocinonto	<u> </u>	
Academic Challenge	\$ 1,682.13	\$ 180.00	\$ -	\$ 1,862.13	
Advocates for the Earth	1,043.58	76.50	37.95	1,082.13	
Animation Club	42.39	-	42.39	-	
Anthropology Group	149.79	-	149.79	-	
Asian Club	892.71	492.00	26.57	1,358.14	
Astronomy Club	66.00	27.00	-	93.00	
Architecture Group	20.00	-	-	20.00	
Baking for a Change	209.97	-	209.97	-	
Band/Orchestra	2,432.99	100.00	-	2,532.99	
Black Awareness	(91.98)	1,620.53	532.15	996.40	
Book Group	97.67	169.75	-	267.42	
Cap and Gown	8,247.96	9,565.00	8,240.96	9,572.0	
Choral Club	625.53	5,080.00	3,884.61	1,820.9	
Class of 2020	150.00	-	150.00	-	
Class of 2021	5,879.16	878.00	-	6,757.1	
Class of 2022	3,176.25	52,415.50	51,990.96	3,600.79	
Class of 2023	1,024.25	23,802.33	16,841.78	7,984.80	
Class of 2024	917.35	8,080.26	629.61	8,368.0	
Class of 2025	-	7,015.54	146.00	6,869.5	
Comic Creation	56.50	-	-	56.50	
Cooperative Education	315.48	-	-	315.4	
Dream Team	2,080.01	-	-	2,080.0	
Freedom Fighters	428.64	376.68	126.00	679.3	
French Club	276.35	2,310.00	2,409.25	177.1	
Garden Club	0.68	240.00	240.00	0.6	
Gay and Straight Alliance	560.38	840.25	635.02	765.6	
General Organization	32,120.49	4,247.27	7,571.62	28,796.1	
Girl Talk	49.00	-,2-1.21	7,071.02	49.0	
Global Ambassadors	167.16	773.16	538.17	402.1	
GoPink	346.80		300.17	346.8	
High School Democrats of America	100.00	-	-	100.0	
Healers Group	-	205.00	17.17	187.8	
Humane Society	210.14	203.00	-	210.1	
		-	-	20.0	
Intergrated Cultural Unity	20.00	246.00		634.2	
Italian Club J.E.T.S.	1,028.29	346.00	740.05	899.6	
	899.66	-	-		
Jazz Band	318.95	-	-	318.9	
Jiggy Showcase	32.15	1 151 00	- 500.40	32.1	
Key Club	523.29	1,154.00	523.13	1,154.1	
Knitting Society	13.00	-	-	13.0	
Knots 4 Cancer	38.25	89.00	040.04	127.2	
Latino Advancement Coalition	801.72	1,172.00	243.84	1,729.8	
Library Group	53.78	149.75	-	203.5	
Mariachi Band	2,597.64	1,196.00	-	3,793.6	
Martial Arts	606.04	119.00	-	725.0	
Math	67.12	-	-	67.1	
Math Team	107.96	-	-	107.9	
Medicine Club	419.17	28.00	-	447.1	
Midnight Run	2,636.55	1,080.00	280.82	3,435.7	
Model UN	327.57	-	-	327.5	
Muslim Student Group	.	63.75	-	63.7	
Musical	6,608.53	9,690.47	5,218.93	11,080.0	
National Art Honor Society	503.12	2,622.00	2,103.65	1,021.4	
National Honor Society	8,614.87	70.00	191.94	8,492.9	
Oracle	6,783.23	14,980.70	507.20	21,256.7	
Orange	62.32	165.46	-	227.7	
Peer Leaders	266.86	-	-	266.8	
Ping Pong Group	411.86	-	-	411.8	
ROAR	724.71	-	274.47	450.2	
S.A.D.D.	1,010.27	45.40	-	1,055.6	
S.E.E.D.	1,759.93	453.00	628.73	1,584.2	
SAIL CAFÉ	808.61	-	241.98	566.6	
Science Research	2,894.90	112.50	396.52	2,610.8	
Sci-Fi Club	981.21	1,934.11	1,008.69	1,906.6	
Songwriters	3,647.08	-	-	3,647.0	
Spanish Club	650.10	440.30	1,080.00	10.4	
Steppers	0.56	-	-	0.5	
Stock Market	0.05	-	-	0.0	
Students for Change	255.00	148.07	88.70	314.3	
Students for Refugees	111.00	286.00	66.43	330.5	
Talent Show	1,218.33	2,290.00	1,950.00	1,558.3	
Theater Unlimited	14,665.76	2,290.00		15,360.5	
Video Game Club	39.47	2,957.00	2,262.22	39.4	
		-			
WACKO	1,849.51		1,849.51	0.0	
World Languages	684.56	203.00	72.61	814.9	
World Languages	8.72	-	-	8.72	
	F0.05		E0.05		
WPHS Foodies	58.25		58.25		

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Cash Balances July 1, 2021		Receipts		Disbursements		Cash Balances June 30, 2022		
Highlands Middle School:									
Avid	\$	64.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64.00	
Class of 2020		(1,764.13)		-		-		(1,764.13)	
Community Service		200.00		-		-		200.00	
General Student Organization		19,403.20		2,660.34		2,685.38		19,378.16	
Gowns		4,413.58		8,867.00		668.88		12,611.70	
Jazz Band		8.25		-		-		8.25	
Media Center		2,025.20		4,087.70		5,391.20		721.70	
Music 17-18		(80.00)		-		-		(80.00)	
Music		120.00		-		-		120.00	
Planners		165.00		-		-		165.00	
Principal		131.30		-		-		131.30	
School Store		12,855.91		810.00		2,337.41		11,328.50	
Spring Musical		3,258.94		7,000.00		3,578.36		6,680.58	
Valentines Crew		905.37		462.05		257.92		1,109.50	
Washington DC 17-18		(381.71)		-		-		(381.71)	
Yearbook		4,910.30		8,057.00		8,116.49		4,850.81	
7th Grade 17-18		0.44		-		-		0.44	
7th Grade 18-19		756.50		-		-		756.50	
7th Grade 20-21		-		9,320.00		5,854.46		3,465.54	
7th Grade Legacy		82.92		-		-		82.92	
8th Grade 17-18		2,255.32		-		-		2,255.32	
8th Grade 18-19		1,937.74		-		-		1,937.74	
8th Grade 19-20		(349.96)		-		-		(349.96)	
8th Grade 20-21		-		21,815.00		15,213.32		6,601.68	
8th Grade Dance		4,408.85		5,530.00		5,015.00		4,923.85	
	\$	55,327.02	\$	68,609.09	\$	49,118.42	\$	74,817.69	

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Cash Balances July 1, 2021		Receipts		Disbursements		Cash Balances June 30, 2022	
Eastview Middle School:									
General Student Account	\$	1,282.94	\$	10,014.16	\$	9,700.64	\$	1,596.46	

CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of the City School District of White Plains.

The accounts of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District are maintained on a cash basis, and the statement of cash receipts and disbursements reflects only cash received and disbursed. Therefore, receivables and payables, inventories, long-lived assets, and accrued income and expenses, which would be recognized under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and which may be material in amount, are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements.