

Key

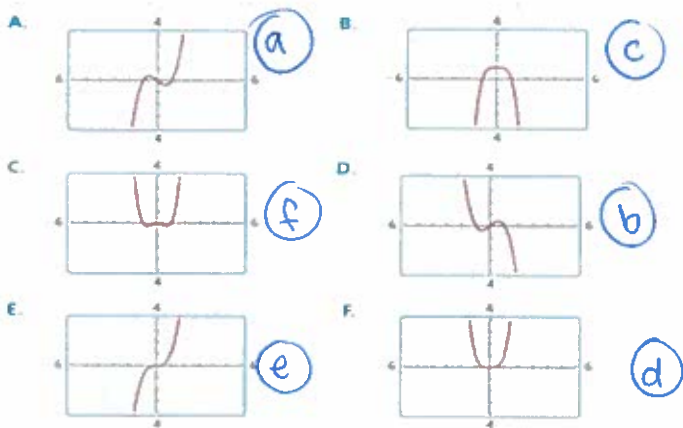


### Section 4.1: Graphing Polynomial Functions

SWBAT: identify polynomial functions & graph polynomial functions using tables & end behavior

- The end behavior of a function is the behavior of the graph as  $x$  approaches positive infinity or negative infinity.
- The degree of a function is the exponent of the first term; it helps determine the end behavior.
- The leading coefficient is the number prior to the leading term, for example in the term  $2x^2$  the leading coefficient is 2.

Exercise 1: Match each polynomial function with its graph



- a.  $f(x) = x^3 - x$
- b.  $f(x) = -x^3 + x$
- c.  $f(x) = -x^4 + 1$
- d.  $f(x) = x^4$
- e.  $f(x) = x^3$
- f.  $f(x) = x^4 - x^2$

Exercise 2: Decide whether or not each function is a polynomial function. If so, write the degree, type, and leading coefficient.

a.  $f(x) = -2x^3 + 5x + 8$

Yes degree = 3 (cubic)  
leading coefficient = -2

b.  $g(x) = -0.8x^3 + \sqrt{2}x^4 - 12$

Yes degree = 4 (quartic)  
leading coefficient =  $\sqrt{2}$

c.  $h(x) = -x^2 + 7x^{-1} + 4x$

No exponent that's not positive/whole

d.  $k(x) = x^2 + 3x^{\pi}$

No exponent that's not a whole number

Exercise 3: Describe the end behavior of the following functions

a.  $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 9$

$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow \infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow -\infty$

b.  $f(x) = 3x^5 - x^4 - 6x + 10$

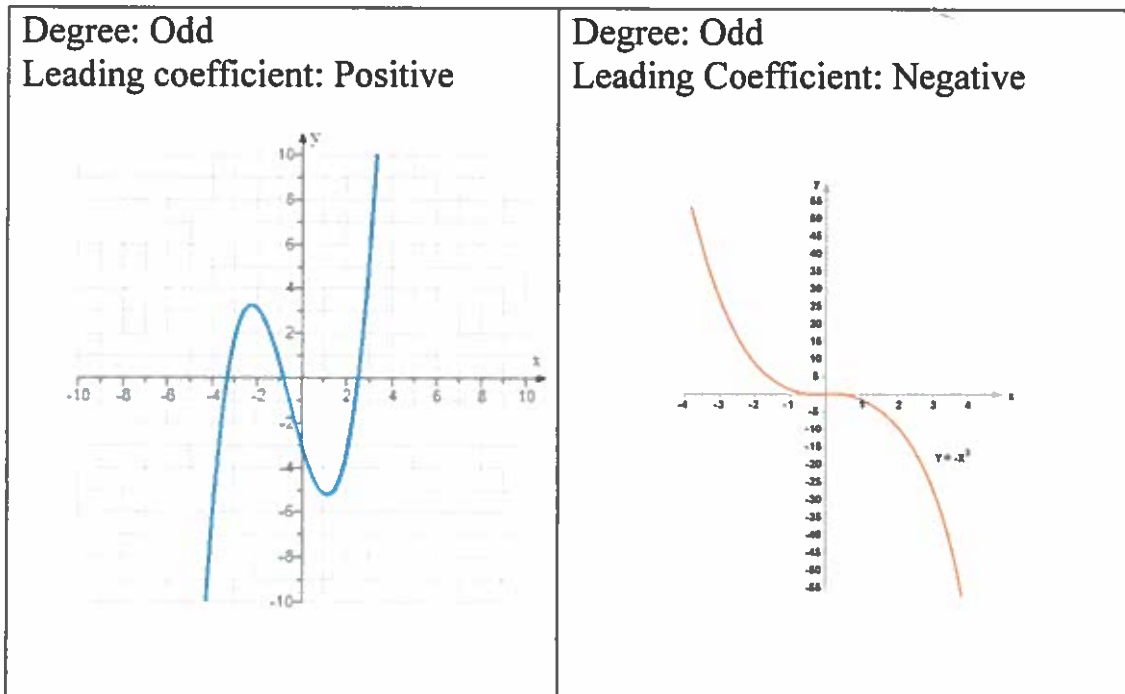
$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow \infty$

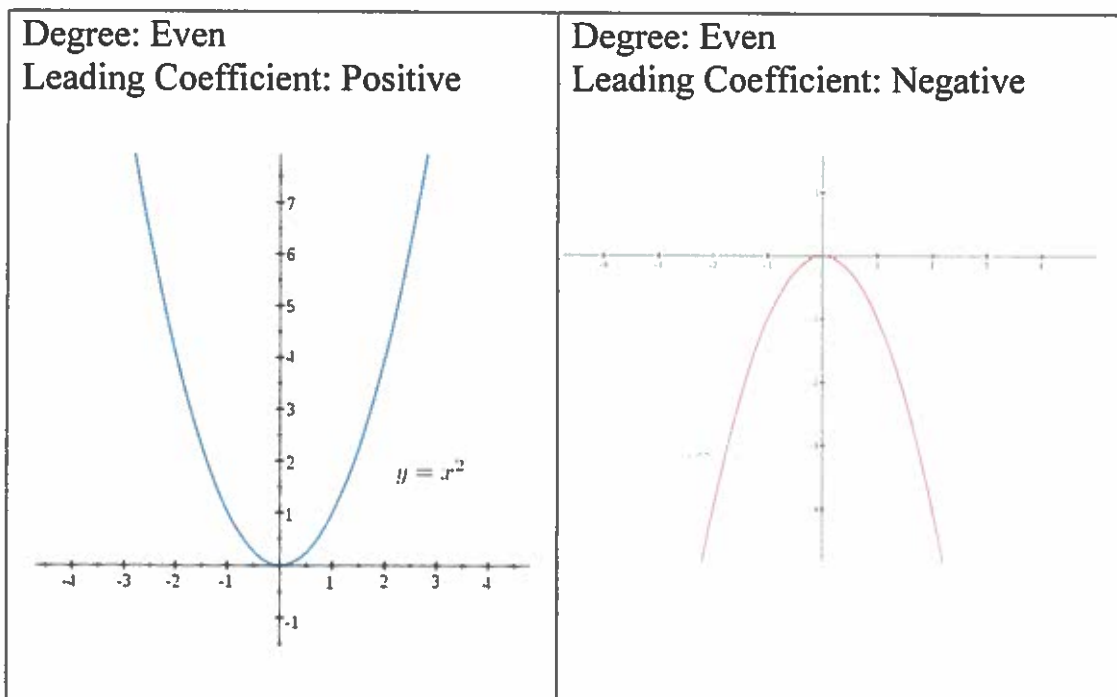
c.  $f(x) = 0.25x^3 - x^2 + 10$

$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow \infty$



\*odd degree always has opposite end behaviors as  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  and  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  but when the degree is EVEN the end behavior is the same in both directions (think parabola)



Exercise 4: Evaluate the function for the given value of x.

a.  $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 9, x = 4$

$$-(4)^3 + 3(4)^2 + 9$$

$$-64 + 48 + 9$$

$$-64 + 57$$

$$\boxed{f(4) = -7}$$

b.  $f(x) = 3x^5 - x^4 - 6x + 10, x = -2$

$$3(-2)^5 - (-2)^4 - 6(-2) + 10$$

$$-96 - 16 + 12 + 10$$

$$\boxed{f(-2) = -90}$$

c.  $f(x) = 0.25x^3 - x^2 - 1, x = 4$

$$f(4) = 0.25(4)^3 - (4)^2 - 1$$

$$16 - 16 - 1$$

$$0 - 1$$

$$\boxed{f(4) = -1}$$

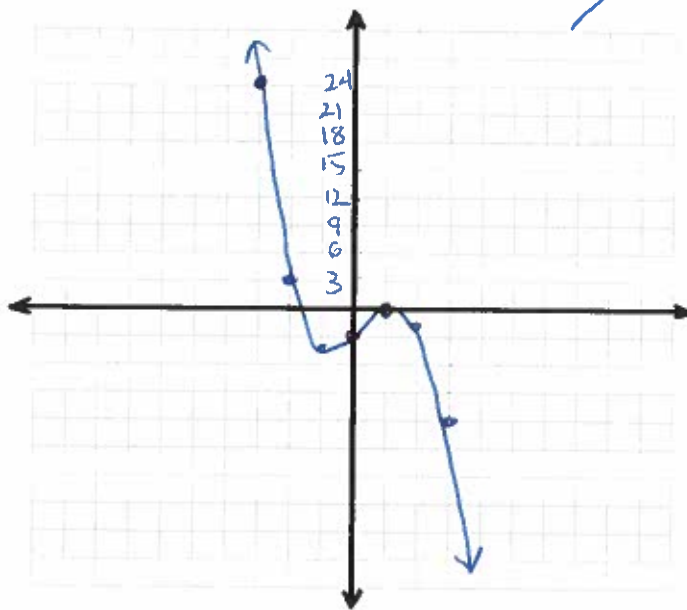
Exercise 4: Graph the function  $f(x) = -x^3 + x^2 + 3x - 3$

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$	24	3	-4	-3	0	-1	-12

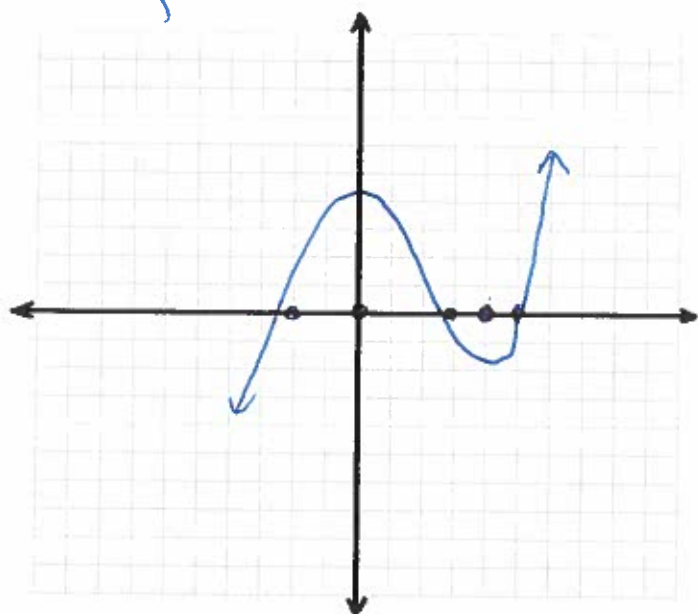
Exercise 5: Sketch the graph of the polynomial function that

- $f$  is increasing when  $x < 0$  and  $x > 4$
- $f$  is decreasing when  $0 < x < 4$
- $f(x) > 0$  when  $-2 < x < 3$  and  $x > 5$
- $f(x) < 0$  when  $x < -2$  and  $3 < x < 5$

Exercise #4



Exercise #5



Exercise 5. Sketch the graph of the polynomial function that

- $f$  is increasing when  $x < 0$  and  $x > 4$
- $f$  is decreasing when  $0 < x < 4$
- $f(x) > 0$  when  $-2 < x < 3$  and  $x > 5$
- $f(x) < 0$  when  $x < -2$  and  $3 < x < 5$

Exercise 6: The estimated number  $V$  (in thousands) of electric vehicles used in the United States can be modeled by the function:

$$V(t) = 0.151280t^3 + 3.28234t^2 + 23.7565t - 2.041$$

- a. Graph the function for the interval  $1 \leq t \leq 10$ , and describe the behavior of the function over this interval.

2001 - 2004  $\rightarrow$  increasing

2005  $\rightarrow$  growth slowed + leveled off

2009 - 2010  $\rightarrow$  increasing

- b. What was the average rate of change from 2001 to 2010?

$$\frac{58.57 - 18.5844}{9} \approx 4.443$$

Mixed Review:

1. Write the following function in standard form, give its degree, type, and leading coefficient:  $f(x) = -3x + 5x^3 - 6x^2 + 2$

$$f(x) = 5x^3 - 6x^2 - 3x + 2$$

degree = 3 (cubic)

leading coefficient = 5

2. Evaluate the function for the given value of  $x$ :  $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 1$ ,  $x = -12$

$$-(-12)^3 + 3(-12)^2 + 5(-12) + 1$$

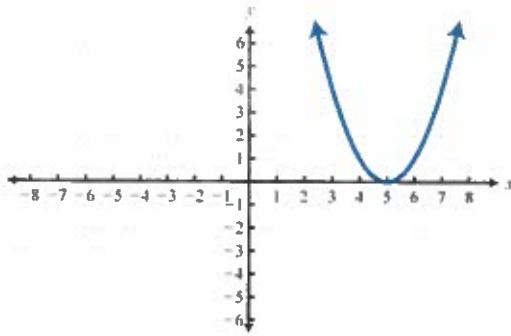
$$1728 + 432 - 60 + 1$$

$$\boxed{f(12) = 2101}$$

3. Describe the end behavior of the function:  $h(x) = -5x^4 + 7x^3 - 6x^2 - 2x + 2$ .

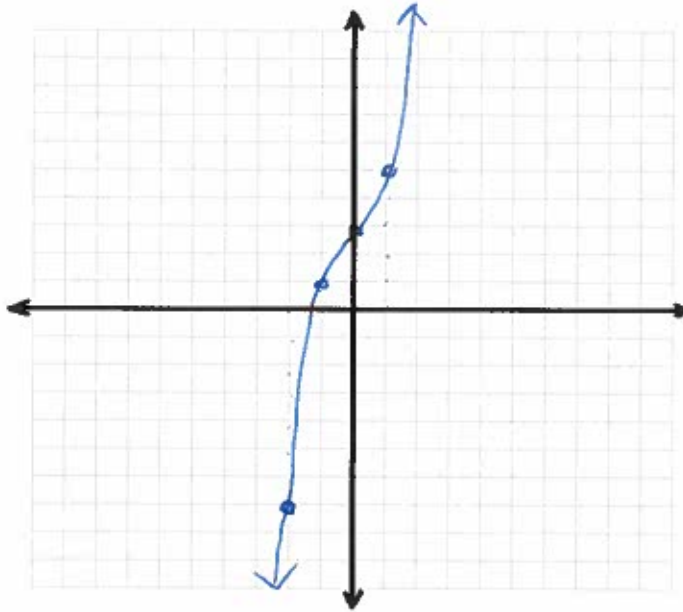
$$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow -\infty$$



$f$  is increasing  $x > 5$   
 $f$  is decreasing  $x < 5$   
 $f > 0$  ALWAYS

5. Graph the following function:  $p(x) = x^3 + x + 3$



-2	-1	0	1	2
-7	-2	3	4	13

6. Graph the function  $d(t) = -0.141t^3 + 9.64t^2 - 232.5t + 2421$  over the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 27$  in your calculator. Describe the behavior of the graph for this interval.

Decreasing

\* Use table in calc